Tabcorp

Casinos

Wagering

Gaming

Financial Report 2009

Contents

About this Annual Report

This Financial Report should be read in conjunction with Tabcorp's Concise Annual Report which is available, free of charge, on request and can be accessed via the Company's website at **www.tabcorp.com.au**.

Income statement

For the year ended 30 June 2009

	Note	Consolidated 2009 $m	Consolidated 2008 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2009 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2008 $m
Total operating revenues		**4,167.2**	3,957.0	**27.6**	26.2
Other revenues	2	**44.1**	35.5	**651.4**	314.8
Revenue		**4,211.3**	3,992.5	**679.0**	341.0
Other income	2	**(2.9)**	2.1	**-**	(0.1)
Government taxes and levies		**(1,136.6)**	(1,075.2)	**-**	-
Commissions and fees		**(926.3)**	(828.2)	**-**	-
Employment costs		**(583.9)**	(553.9)	**(17.0)**	(18.7)
Depreciation and amortisation	2	**(177.2)**	(192.9)	**(27.7)**	(55.0)
Property costs		**(81.9)**	(81.3)	**(0.6)**	(0.6)
Advertising and promotions		**(97.4)**	(86.3)	**(2.4)**	(1.8)
Professional and contract services		**(22.5)**	(25.1)	**(5.1)**	(3.2)
Other expenses		**(287.2)**	(269.4)	**(12.3)**	(8.0)
Profit before income tax expense, net finance costs and impairment		**895.4**	882.3	**613.9**	253.6
Impairment	2	**-**	(707.6)	**-**	(474.6)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense and net finance costs		**895.4**	174.7	**613.9**	(221.0)
Finance income	2	**7.1**	49.9	**3.0**	44.0
Finance costs	2	**(160.4)**	(168.4)	**(3.9)**	-
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense		**742.1**	56.2	**613.0**	(177.0)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	4	**(220.4)**	(221.2)	**2.2**	(7.4)
Net profit/(loss) after tax		**521.7**	(165.0)	**615.2**	(184.4)
Net loss attributable to minority interest		**-**	0.4	**-**	-
Net profit/(loss) attributable to members of the parent entity		**521.7**	(164.6)	**615.2**	(184.4)

	Note	Consolidated 2009	Consolidated 2008
Earnings per share for profit/(loss) attributable to members of the parent entity:			
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	6	**93.2**	(31.4)
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	6	**93.1**	(31.4)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this income statement.

Balance sheet

As at 30 June 2009

		Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	Note	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	7	**291.4**	173.2	**91.5**	24.7
Receivables	8	**70.5**	64.8	**-**	0.2
Inventories	9	**14.3**	13.4	**-**	-
Derivative financial instruments		**6.1**	26.5	**-**	-
Other	10	**20.9**	23.6	**2.2**	2.3
Total current assets		**403.2**	301.5	**93.7**	27.2
Non current assets					
Investments in controlled entities		**-**	-	**447.7**	447.7
Property, plant and equipment	11	**1,566.3**	1,499.3	**1.2**	3.5
Intangible assets - licences	12	**688.1**	723.9	**83.0**	109.5
Intangible assets - other	13	**3,641.8**	3,506.8	**1.5**	3.5
Other receivables	15	**2.3**	2.1	**3,212.7**	2,315.0
Deferred tax assets	4	**-**	-	**9.1**	7.6
Derivative financial instruments		**13.3**	64.6	**-**	-
Other	10	**24.4**	23.5	**-**	-
Total non current assets		**5,936.2**	5,820.2	**3,755.2**	2,886.8
TOTAL ASSETS		**6,339.4**	6,121.7	**3,848.9**	2,914.0
Current liabilities					
Payables	16	**492.2**	407.3	**26.4**	23.9
Current tax liabilities		**56.5**	52.3	**56.5**	52.3
Provisions	18	**88.8**	98.7	**4.4**	7.7
Derivative financial instruments		**35.2**	36.3	**-**	-
Other	19	**26.9**	21.2	**-**	-
Total current liabilities		**699.6**	615.8	**87.3**	83.9
Non current liabilities					
Interest bearing liabilities	17	**2,040.9**	2,269.7	**276.4**	-
Deferred tax liabilities	4	**273.8**	287.2	**-**	-
Provisions	18	**11.3**	25.4	**0.8**	0.6
Derivative financial instruments		**35.5**	163.1	**-**	-
Other	19	**1.5**	3.2	**1.3**	1.9
Total non current liabilities		**2,363.0**	2,748.6	**278.5**	2.5
TOTAL LIABILITIES		**3,062.6**	3,364.4	**365.8**	86.4
NET ASSETS		**3,276.8**	2,757.3	**3,483.1**	2,827.6
Equity					
Issued capital	20	**3,670.7**	3,195.4	**3,673.2**	3,198.1
Accumulated losses	20	**(416.5)**	(503.7)	**(198.8)**	(379.5)
Reserves	20	**22.6**	65.6	**8.7**	9.0
TOTAL EQUITY		**3,276.8**	2,757.3	**3,483.1**	2,827.6

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this balance sheet.

Cash flow statement

For the year ended 30 June 2009

	Note	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
		2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net cash receipts in the course of operations		**4,258.5**	4,005.4	**41.6**	51.4
Payments to suppliers, service providers and employees		**(2,192.0)**	(2,042.7)	**(46.2)**	(36.9)
Payment of government levies, betting taxes and GST		**(1,020.7)**	(968.3)	**(143.6)**	(144.6)
Dividends received		**-**	-	**641.5**	294.7
Interest revenue received		**7.1**	9.0	**3.0**	3.4
Finance costs paid		**(171.4)**	(171.7)	**(8.4)**	-
Income tax paid		**(209.0)**	(179.4)	**(211.9)**	(181.7)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	21	**672.5**	652.3	**276.0**	(13.7)
Cash flows from investing activities					
Proceeds from sale of controlled entity (net of cash disposed)		**-**	14.2	**-**	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and intangibles		**1.7**	1.7	**-**	-
Payment for property, plant and equipment and intangibles		**(256.5)**	(222.0)	**(0.1)**	(0.9)
(Advancement)/repayment of amounts receivable from controlled entities		**-**	-	**(529.7)**	497.7
Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		**(254.8)**	(206.1)	**(529.8)**	496.8
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from debt raising		**434.5**	-	**284.5**	-
Proceeds from issue of shares		**387.0**	-	**387.0**	-
Net proceeds from/(repayments of) borrowings		**(770.3)**	16.0	**-**	-
Payment of transaction costs for share issue		**(7.8)**	-	**(7.8)**	-
Dividends paid		**(341.0)**	(385.2)	**(341.0)**	(385.2)
On-market share purchases for dividend reinvestment plan		**-**	(108.2)	**-**	(108.2)
Payments for on-market share buy back		**(2.2)**	(4.1)	**(2.2)**	(4.1)
Proceeds from exercise of options		**-**	2.2	**-**	2.2
Proceeds from sale of treasury shares		**0.1**	-	**0.1**	-
Loan advanced to related party		**-**	(3.0)	**-**	(3.0)
Repayment of employee share loans		**0.2**	2.0	**-**	-
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities		**(299.5)**	(480.3)	**320.6**	(498.3)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		**118.2**	(34.1)	**66.8**	(15.2)
Cash at the beginning of the year		**173.2**	207.3	**24.7**	39.9
Cash at the end of the year	7	**291.4**	173.2	**91.5**	24.7

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this cash flow statement.

Statement of recognised income and expense

For the year ended 30 June 2009

		Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	Note	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges taken to equity		**(61.0)**	69.6	**-**	-
Share issue transaction costs		**(7.8)**	-	**(7.8)**	-
Actuarial loss on defined benefit plan	25	**(1.9)**	(1.1)	**(1.9)**	(1.1)
Income tax (expense)/benefit on items taken directly to equity	4	**21.3**	(20.5)	**3.0**	0.3
Net income/(expense) recognised directly in equity		**(49.4)**	48.0	**(6.7)**	(0.8)
Net profit/(loss) after tax		**521.7**	(165.0)	**615.2**	(184.4)
Total recognised income and expense for the period		**472.3**	(117.0)	**608.5**	(185.2)
Attributable to:					
Members of the parent entity		**472.3**	(116.6)	**608.5**	(185.2)
Minority interest		**-**	(0.4)	**-**	-
		472.3	(117.0)	**608.5**	(185.2)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of this statement of recognised income and expense.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 30 June 2009

1. Significant accounting policies and corporate information

Tabcorp Holdings Limited ('the Company') is a company limited by shares which are traded on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The financial report of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2009 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as 'the Group') and the Group's interest in joint ventures.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on 6 August 2009.

(a) Statement of compliance

New Australian Accounting Standards

Australian Accounting Standards that have been recently issued or amended but are not yet effective have not been applied to the financial report.

The following amendments by the AASB to Australian Accounting Standards are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial position and performance, however increased disclosures will be required in the Group's financial statements.

AASB Reference	Title	Application date for Group
AASB 3	Business Combinations	1 July 2009
AASB 8	Operating Segments	1 July 2009
AASB 101	Presentation of Financial Statements	1 July 2009
AASB 123	Borrowing Costs	1 July 2009
AASB 127	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements	1 July 2009
AASB 1039	Concise Financial Reports	1 July 2009
AASB 2007-3	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 8	1 July 2009
AASB 2007-6	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 123	1 July 2009
AASB 2007-8	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101	1 July 2009
AASB 2007-10	Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 101	1 July 2009
AASB 2008-1	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standard - Share-based Payments: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations	1 July 2009
AASB 2008-3	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 3 and AASB 127	1 July 2009
AASB 2008-5	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project	1 July 2009
AASB 2008-7	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate	1 July 2009
AASB 2008-8	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Eligible Hedged Items	1 July 2009
AASB 2009-2	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	1 July 2009
AASB 2009-4	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project	1 July 2009
AASB 2009-5	Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project	1 July 2010
AASB 2009-6	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards	1 July 2009
AASB 2009-7	Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards	1 July 2009

The Group has adopted AASB Interpretation 13 'Customer Loyalty Programmes' and all consequential amendments which became applicable from 1 July 2008, refer note 1(h) for further detail.

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(b) Basis of preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory financial reporting requirements in Australia.

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars.

The financial report is prepared on the historical cost basis, except for derivative financial instruments and pension assets that have been measured at fair value. The carrying values of recognised assets and liabilities that are hedged with fair value hedges are adjusted to record changes in the fair values attributable to the risks that are being hedged. Non current assets and disposal groups held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

1. Significant accounting policies and corporate information (continued)

(b) Basis of preparation (continued)

The accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the Group for the purposes of this financial report.

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with the Class Order, amounts in the financial report and Directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest hundred thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

(c) Accounting estimates and assumptions

Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

The carrying amount of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events.

The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities recognised in the financial statements are described in the following notes:

- note 1 - Significant accounting policies
    - (j) Taxation
    - (r) Intangible assets
    - (u) Provisions
    - (w) Employee benefits
- note 14 - Impairment testing of goodwill and intangibles with indefinite lives
- note 24 - Employee share plans
- note 25 - Pensions and other post employment benefit plans

(d) Basis of consolidation

Controlled entities

Controlled entities are entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable or convertible are taken into account. The financial statements of controlled entities are included in the consolidated financial report from the date control commences until the date that control ceases. The financial statements of the controlled entities are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies.

Joint ventures

Joint ventures are those entities over whose activities the Group has joint control, established by contractual agreement.

Jointly controlled entities

Investments in jointly controlled entities are accounted for using equity accounting principles and are carried at the lower of the equity accounted amount and the recoverable amount.

The Group's share of the jointly controlled entity's net profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated income statement from the date joint control commences until the date joint control ceases. Other movements in reserves are recognised directly in consolidated reserves.

Jointly controlled operations and assets

The interest of the Group in unincorporated joint ventures and jointly controlled assets are brought to account by recognising in its financial statements the assets it controls, the liabilities it incurs, the expenses it incurs, and the share of income that it earns from the sale of goods or services by the joint venture.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intragroup balances, and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(e) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to Australian dollars at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement with the exception of differences on foreign currency borrowings that are in an effective hedge relationship. These are taken directly to equity until the liability is extinguished at which time they are recognised in the income statement. Refer to note 1(g) for further detail.

Non monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Non monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to Australian dollars at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

(f) Derivative financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange and interest rate risks arising from operational, financing and investment activities. In accordance with its treasury policy, the Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. However, derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are accounted for as trading instruments.

Derivative financial instruments are recognised initially at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value. The gain or loss on re-measurement to fair value is recognised immediately in the income statement. However, where derivatives qualify for cash flow hedge accounting, the effective portion of the gain or loss is deferred in equity while the ineffective portion is recognised in the income statement.

The fair value of interest rate swap and cross currency swap contracts is determined by reference to market values for similar instruments.

(g) Hedging

Cash flow hedges

Where a derivative financial instrument is designated as a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that are attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability, or a highly probable forecast transaction, the effective part of any gain or loss on the derivative financial instrument is recognised directly in equity. When the forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non financial asset or liability, the associated cumulative gain or loss is removed from equity and included in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the non financial asset or liability. If a hedge of a forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a financial asset or financial liability, then the associated gains and losses that were recognised directly in equity are reclassified into the income statement in the same period or periods during which the asset acquired or liability assumed affects the income statement (i.e. when interest income or expense is recognised).

For cash flow hedges, the effective part of any gain or loss on the derivative financial instrument is removed from equity and recognised in the income statement in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecast transaction affects the income statement. The ineffective part of any gain or loss is recognised immediately in the income statement.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or the designation of the hedge relationship is revoked but the hedged forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss at that point remains in equity and is recognised in accordance with the above when the transaction occurs. If the hedged transaction is no longer expected to take place, then the cumulative unrealised gain or loss recognised in equity is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Fair value hedges

Where a derivative financial instrument is designated as a hedge of the variability of changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognised firm commitment, any gain or loss on the derivative is recognised directly in the income statement.

(h) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Casino revenue

Revenue is recognised as the net gaming win plus the retail sale of food, beverages, accommodation and other services.

Wagering and gaming revenue

Revenue is recognised as the residual value after deducting the statutory return to customers from the wagering and gaming turnover.

Fixed odds betting revenue

Revenue is recognised as the net win or loss on an event. The amounts bet on an event are recognised as a liability until the outcome of the event is determined, at which time the revenue is brought to account. Open betting positions are carried at fair market value and gains and losses arising on these positions are recognised in revenue.

Provision of technology services

Revenue is recognised where the contracted outcome can be reliably measured and control of the right to be compensated for the services exists under the contractual agreement.

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when:

- the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer;
- it is probable consideration will pass from the buyer in accordance with an established arrangement; and
- the amount of consideration can be reliably measured.

Media operations revenue

Revenue includes subscription income, advertising revenue and product recoveries, and is recognised once the service has been rendered.

Customer loyalty programme

The Group operates a loyalty programme enabling customers to accumulate award credits for gaming spend. A portion of the gaming spend, equal to the fair value of the award credits earned, is treated as deferred revenue. Revenue from the award credits is recognised when the award is redeemed.

1. Significant accounting policies and corporate information (continued)

(h) Revenue (continued)

Change in accounting policy

The deferral of revenue in relation to award credits was adopted for the first time in the current financial year. The policy was changed to comply with AASB Interpretation 13 'Customer Loyalty Programmes', which is applicable from 1 July 2008. The new policy has been applied retrospectively and comparative information in relation to the 2008 year has been restated accordingly.

The financial effect of the restatement of the prior period is:

- Retained earnings decrease by $13.5 million;
- Other liabilities - Deferred revenue (current) increase by $19.3 million; and
- Deferred tax liabilities decrease by $5.8 million.

Interest

Revenue is recognised as the interest accrues, using the effective interest rate method.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

(i) Finance costs

Finance costs are recognised as an expense when incurred.

Borrowing costs directly associated with qualifying assets are capitalised, including any other associated costs directly attributable to the borrowing.

(j) Taxation

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for:

- goodwill; and
- the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit at the time of the transaction.

The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Goods and services tax

Revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

(k) Cash

Cash comprises cash balances and call deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash for the purpose of the cash flow statement.

(l) Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amount (where applicable). An allowance for doubtful debts is made when there is objective evidence that collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Factors considered when determining if an impairment exists include ageing and timing of expected receipts, management's experienced judgement and facts in the individual situation. Bad debts are written off when identified.

(m) Inventories

Inventories include consumable stores, food and beverages, finished goods and work in progress, and are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(n) Other receivables

Other receivables are initially recognised at amortised cost. Subsequent increases in receivables due to the passage of time or resulting from a revision of the estimate of cash inflows are recognised in the income statement. An allowance for impairment is recognised when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect the receivable. Subsequent increases in receivables due to the passage of time are not recognised where a receivable is fully impaired.

(o) Non current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Assets classified as held for sale (and all assets and liabilities in a disposal group) are recognised at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Impairment losses on initial classification as held for sale are included in the income statement. The same applies to gains and losses on subsequent re-measurement. No depreciation or amortisation is charged on these assets while they are classified as held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business that represents a separate major line of business or is a controlled entity acquired or held exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier.

(p) Investment in controlled entities

All investments are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and including acquisition charges associated with the investment. Subsequently investments are carried at cost less any impairment losses.

(q) Property, plant and equipment

Owned assets

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (refer to note 1(s)).

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Leased assets

Leases where the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases.

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the income statement on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment other than land, which is not depreciated.

Useful life

Buildings	10 - 95 years
Leasehold improvements	4 - 75 years
Plant and equipment	5 - 19 years

(r) Intangible assets

Goodwill arising from business combinations

All business combinations are accounted for by applying the purchase method. Goodwill represents the difference between the cost of the acquisition and the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired.

Impairment

Goodwill is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to each cash generating unit or group of cash generating units expected to benefit from the business combination's synergies and is not amortised but is tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indicator of impairment. Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit or units, to which the goodwill relates. When the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit or units is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses are recognised directly in the income statement and are not subsequently reversed.

Negative goodwill arising on an acquisition is recognised directly in the income statement.

Refer to note 14 for further details of key assumptions included in the impairment calculation.

Other intangible assets

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (refer to note 1(s)). The cost of internally developed software includes the cost of materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

1. Significant accounting policies and corporate information (continued)
(r) Intangible assets (continued)

Amortisation

Amortisation of intangible assets is charged to the income statement as follows:

Victorian wagering and gaming licences:

The licences are amortised on a straight line basis over the remaining life of the licences from inception in 1994 until expiry in 2012.

Star City casino licence:

The licence is amortised on a straight line basis from its date of issue until expiry in 2093.

Treasury casino licence:

The licence is amortised on a straight line basis over the remaining life of the licence from the date of acquisition until expiry in 2070.

Queensland Keno licence:

The licence is amortised on a straight line basis over the remaining life of the licence from the date of acquisition until expiry in 2022.

NSW wagering licence:

The licence is amortised on a straight line basis over the remaining life of the licence from the date of acquisition until expiry in 2097.

Other licences:

Other licences are amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the licences.

Software:

Software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life, which varies from 5 to 8 years.

Star City casino concessions:

The concessions granted by the NSW government include product concessions and effective casino exclusivity in NSW. Amortisation is on a straight line basis over the period of expected benefits, which is until 2093 and 2019 respectively.

Other:

Other intangible assets relate to:

- the contribution to the construction costs of the state government owned Gold Coast Convention and Exhibition Centre. The Group's Gold Coast casino is deriving future benefits from the contribution, which is being amortised over a period of 50 years; and
- customer contracts and relationships which are amortised over a period of 5 to 15 years, being the estimated life of the contracts and relationships.

Brand names, broadcast rights and media content:

These intangible assets are not being amortised as the directors believe that the life of these intangibles to the Group will not materially diminish over time, and the residual value at the end of that life would be such that the amortisation charge, if any, would not be material. These assets, together with goodwill, are tested for impairment annually or whenever there is an indicator of impairment.

(s) Impairment of non financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. When an indicator of impairment exists, the Group makes a formal estimate of recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the greater of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset's recoverable value cannot be estimated as it does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Impairment losses are recognised immediately in the income statement.

Refer to note 14 for further details of key assumptions included in the impairment calculation.

(t) Payables

Payables are stated at amortised cost.

(u) Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recorded as a finance cost.

Restructuring

A provision for restructuring is recognised when the Group has approved a detailed and formal restructuring plan, and the restructuring either has commenced, has been announced publicly, or has no realistic probability of withdrawal. Future operating costs are not provided for in the provision for restructuring.

Onerous contracts

A provision for onerous contracts is recognised when the expected benefits to be derived by the Group from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract.

Self insurance

Where the Group self insures for workers' compensation, a provision is recognised in the balance sheet, which includes a prudential margin.

Management agreement

A provision was made for the management agreement for the Gold Coast and Brisbane casinos being the present value of the liability net of the asset acquired. The provision was included in the determination of the fair value of the net assets and liabilities of Jupiters Limited acquired in 2003. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost in the income statement.

(v) Interest bearing liabilities

Interest bearing liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest bearing liabilities are recognised at fair value or amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised in addition to the amortisation process.

(w) Employee benefits

Post-employment benefits

Accumulation plan

The Group's commitment to accumulation plans is limited to making the contributions in accordance with the minimum statutory requirements. There is no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees relating to current and past employee services.

Contributions to accumulation plans are recognised as expenses in the income statement as the contributions become payable. A liability is recognised when the Group is required to make future payments as a result of employees' services provided.

Defined benefit plan

The Group operates a defined benefit plan which is recognised in the balance sheet as the difference between the present value of the estimated future benefits that will be payable to plan members and the fair value of the plan's assets. At reporting date, where the fair value of the plan assets exceeds the present value of the defined benefit obligations, the net surplus is recognised as an asset. When the fair value of the plan assets is less than the present value of the defined benefit obligation, the net deficit is recognised as a liability.

An annual adjustment is made to recognise all movements in the carrying amount of the plan as income or expense in the income statement, except for the portion of the movement that is attributable to actuarial gains and losses, which are recognised directly in equity. Actuarial gains and losses represent the difference between previous actuarial assumptions of future outcomes and the actual outcome, in addition to the effect of changes in actuarial assumptions.

Long service leave

The Group's net obligation in respect of long term service benefits, other than pension plans, is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the expected future increases in wage and salary rates including related on-costs and expected settlement dates, and is discounted using the rates attached to the Commonwealth Government bonds at the balance sheet date which have maturity dates approximating to the terms of the Group's obligations.

Wages, salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for employee benefits of salaries, wages and annual leave represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date, calculated at undiscounted amounts based on remuneration rates the Group expects to pay, including related on-costs when the liability is expected to be settled.

Share based payment transactions

The Group operates the Long Term Performance Plan ('LTPP'), which is available at the most senior executive levels. Under the LTPP, employees may become entitled to Performance Rights (and prior to July 2007, also Performance Options) in the Company.

The fair value of Performance Rights and Performance Options is measured at grant date and is recognised as an employee expense (with a corresponding increase in equity) over four years (three years for instruments issued prior to 30 June 2006) irrespective of whether the Performance Rights and Performance Options vest to the holder. A reversal of the expense is only recognised in the event the instruments lapse due to cessation of employment within the four year period (three year period for instruments issued prior to 30 June 2006).

The fair value of the Performance Rights and Performance Options is determined by an external valuer and takes into account the terms and conditions upon which the Performance Rights and Performance Options were granted.

The dilutive effect, if any, of outstanding Performance Rights and Performance Options is reflected in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

1. Significant accounting policies and corporate information (continued)

(w) Employee benefits (continued)

Share based payment transactions (continued)

In addition, the Group operates the Short Term Performance Plan ('STPP'). Participants in the STPP had the opportunity to voluntarily sacrifice part or all of the award payable under the STPP into shares. The opportunity to voluntarily sacrifice award payable into shares was withdrawn during 2009. The cost of the shares was recognised in the year of performance. For certain senior executives, it is mandatory to defer one third of their STPP into Restricted Shares, which are subject to a three year service condition.

During the 2007 financial year, a Medium Term Performance Plan ('MTPP') operated for senior executives. Participants in the MTPP became entitled to Restricted Shares, which are subject to a two year service condition.

The cost of the Restricted Shares is based on the market price at grant date and is recognised over a three year period for STPP and a two year period for MTPP.

Restricted Shares may be issued to executives as an incentive upon appointment or for retention. The fair value of Restricted Shares is recognised as an employee expense over the relevant vesting period.

Refer to note 24 for further details on the share based payment transactions.

(x) Rental in advance

The payment made for rental in advance in respect of a property adjacent to the Star City casino has been deferred in the balance sheet at the nominal amount and is being amortised on a straight line basis over 95 years from the commencement of the rental in 1997.

(y) Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue includes:

- subscriptions received relating to future periods; and
- the fair value of unredeemed customer loyalty award credits.

(z) Issued capital

Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received.

Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity, net of tax, as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

The balance of limited recourse loans provided to employees to participate in employee share plans are recorded as Treasury Shares, which is recognised as a reduction in issued capital. No such loans have been granted since 2003.

The amount which has been credited to the employee equity benefit reserve in relation to Performance Rights and Performance Options is transferred to issued capital to the extent the relevant Performance Rights and Performance Options vest or have been treated as vested.

(aa) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged in providing products or services which are subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

(ab) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the Company, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends), divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the Company, adjusted for:

- costs of servicing equity (other than dividends);
- the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and
- other non discretionary changes in revenue or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

(ac) Capitalised costs

Capitalised costs relating to development projects and potential business acquisitions are recognised as an asset when it is:

- probable that any future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the entity; and
- it can be reliably measured.

If it becomes apparent that the development or acquisition will not occur the amount is expensed to the income statement.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
2. Revenue and expenses				
(a) Other revenues				
Dividend revenue received from controlled entities	**-**	-	**641.5**	294.7
Other revenue items	**44.1**	35.5	**9.9**	20.1
	44.1	35.5	**651.4**	314.8
(b) Other income				
Net gain on disposal of controlled entity	**-**	0.4	**-**	-
Net gain/(loss) on disposal of non current assets	**0.3**	1.4	**-**	(0.1)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	**(3.2)**	0.3	**-**	-
	(2.9)	2.1	**-**	(0.1)
(c) Depreciation and amortisation				
Depreciation				
- buildings	**14.9**	12.0	**-**	-
- leasehold improvements	**12.9**	13.8	**-**	-
- plant and equipment	**79.4**	76.8	**0.4**	0.7
	107.2	102.6	**0.4**	0.7
Amortisation				
- Victorian wagering and gaming licences	**26.5**	26.6	**26.5**	26.6
- Victorian wagering and gaming licences - prior periods net adjustment[(i)]	**-**	27.1	**-**	27.1
- NSW wagering licence	**3.7**	3.7	**-**	-
- Star City and Treasury casino licences	**3.2**	3.2	**-**	-
- Queensland Keno licence	**2.4**	2.3	**-**	-
- software	**32.4**	26.5	**0.8**	0.6
- rental in advance	**0.3**	0.2	**-**	-
- other	**1.5**	0.7	**-**	-
	70.0	90.3	**27.3**	54.3
	177.2	192.9	**27.7**	55.0

(i) In the prior period the accounting for the Victorian licences was revised.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
(d) Employment costs include:				
Defined benefit plan expense	**0.3**	1.4	**0.3**	1.4
Defined contribution plan expense	**39.1**	37.3	**0.4**	0.2
Share based payments expense	**2.7**	3.4	**1.2**	1.3
	42.1	42.1	**1.9**	2.9
(e) Operating lease rentals				
Minimum lease payments	**30.4**	30.7	**2.5**	2.7
(f) Other expenses include:				
Cost of sales	**74.5**	69.6	**-**	-
(g) Impairment				
Goodwill	**-**	194.0	**-**	-
Other receivables	**-**	474.6	**-**	474.6
Property, plant and equipment	**-**	39.0	**-**	-
	-	707.6	**-**	474.6
(h) Finance income				
Interest revenue	**6.9**	9.3	**2.8**	3.4
Unwinding of discount on other receivables	**0.2**	40.6	**0.2**	40.6
	7.1	49.9	**3.0**	44.0
(i) Finance costs				
Interest costs	**158.4**	167.8	**3.6**	-
Other finance costs	**2.1**	4.6	**0.3**	-
Unwinding of discount on provisions	**8.4**	6.8	**-**	-
Net (gain)/loss on fair value hedges	**(8.6)**	(10.8)	**-**	-
Net (gain)/loss on cash flow hedges	**0.1**	-	**-**	-
	160.4	168.4	**3.9**	-

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $000	**2008 $000**	**2009 $000**	**2008 $000**
3. Auditor's remuneration				
Amounts received or due and receivable by Ernst & Young for:				
- audit and review of the financial report of the Company and any other entity in the Group	**1,703**	1,319	**342**	341
- other services in relation to the Company and any other entity in the Group:				
- other audit services	**74**	331	**-**	-
- other regulatory audit services	**120**	125	**-**	-
- other assurance	**178**	-	**-**	-
- other non audit services	**270**	-	**-**	-
	2,345	1,775	**342**	341

The auditor of the Company and its controlled entities is Ernst & Young. From time to time, Ernst & Young provides other services to the Group, which are subject to strict corporate governance procedures encompassing the selection of service providers and the setting of their remuneration. The Chairman of the Audit Committee must approve any other services provided by Ernst & Young to the Group.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
4. Income tax				
(a) Income tax expense				
The major components of income tax expense are:				
Current tax (expense)/benefit	**(217.3)**	(220.5)	**3.2**	(6.8)
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years				
- affecting provision for income tax	**1.8**	(0.5)	**1.6**	(0.1)
- affecting deferred tax balances	**0.8**	4.0	**0.1**	0.1
Deferred income tax expense relating to the origination and reversal of temporary differences	**(5.7)**	(4.2)	**(2.7)**	(0.6)
Income tax (expense)/benefit reported in the income statement	**(220.4)**	(221.2)	**2.2**	(7.4)

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Aggregate current and deferred tax relating to items charged or credited to equity:				
Change in value of cash flow hedges	**18.3**	(20.8)	**-**	-
Share issue transaction costs	**2.4**	-	**2.4**	-
Actuarial loss on defined benefit plan	**0.6**	0.3	**0.6**	0.3
Income tax (expense)/benefit reported in equity	**21.3**	(20.5)	**3.0**	0.3
Income tax expense				
A reconciliation between income tax expense and the product of accounting profit before income tax multiplied by the income tax rate is as follows:				
Accounting profit/(loss) before income tax expense	**742.1**	56.2	**613.0**	(177.0)
At the Group's statutory income tax rate of 30%	**(222.6)**	(16.9)	**(183.9)**	53.1
- dividends revenue received from controlled entities	**-**	-	**192.5**	88.4
- impairment of goodwill and other receivables	**-**	(200.6)	**-**	(142.4)
- amortisation of Victorian wagering and gaming licences	**(8.0)**	(16.1)	**(8.0)**	(16.1)
- unwinding of discount on other receivables	**-**	12.2	**-**	12.2
- prepaid rent	**7.9**	(1.8)	**-**	-
- international business costs	**1.2**	0.8	**-**	-
- sundry items	**(1.5)**	(2.3)	**(0.1)**	(2.6)
- over provision in prior years	**2.6**	3.5	**1.7**	-
Aggregate income tax (expense)/benefit	**(220.4)**	(221.2)	**2.2**	(7.4)

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
(b) Deferred tax assets				
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:				
Amounts recognised in the income statement				
Provisions				
- employee benefits	**19.9**	18.5	**0.8**	0.8
- management agreement - Gold Coast and Brisbane casinos	**3.7**	8.6	**-**	-
- restructuring costs	**0.3**	2.0	**0.2**	1.4
- onerous contract - surplus lease space	**0.6**	1.1	**-**	-
- other	**2.1**	3.8	**0.6**	1.8
Accrued expenses	**11.0**	13.4	**1.6**	2.9
Fair value of cross currency swaps	**0.1**	9.8	**-**	-
Allowance for doubtful debts	**7.8**	5.4	**-**	-
Deferred revenue	**6.9**	5.8	**-**	-
Jackpots	**3.4**	2.3	**-**	-
Merger/acquisition costs	**0.5**	1.6	**0.4**	0.7
Minor assets	**-**	0.6	**-**	-
Other	**5.9**	1.5	**3.4**	1.1
Amounts recognised directly in equity				
Share issue transaction costs	**1.9**	-	**1.9**	-
Cumulative actuarial losses/(gains) on defined benefit plans	**0.4**	(0.2)	**0.4**	(0.2)
	64.5	74.2	**9.3**	8.5
Deferred tax assets set off	**(64.5)**	(74.2)	**-**	-
Deferred tax liabilities set off	**-**	-	**(0.2)**	(0.9)
Net deferred tax assets	**-**	-	**9.1**	7.6
Movements				
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**74.2**	76.8	**8.5**	8.8
Credited/(charged) to the income statement	**(12.2)**	(2.8)	**(1.7)**	(0.5)
Credited/(charged) to the equity	**2.5**	0.3	**2.5**	0.3
Transfer from deferred tax liabilities	**-**	(0.1)	**-**	(0.1)
Carrying amount at end of year	**64.5**	74.2	**9.3**	8.5

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
(c) Deferred tax liabilities				
The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:				
Amounts recognised in the income statement				
Intangible assets - licences	**181.5**	184.9	**-**	-
Intangible assets - other	**19.1**	17.4	**(0.3)**	0.4
Property, plant and equipment	**72.9**	68.3	**0.5**	0.5
Prepaid rent	**29.6**	37.7	**-**	-
Fair value of US dollar private placement	**6.7**	12.0	**-**	-
Inventories	**5.9**	4.5	**-**	-
Unclaimed dividends	**5.6**	4.7	**-**	-
Prepayments	**1.2**	0.9	**-**	-
Other	**9.5**	6.4	**-**	-
Amounts recognised directly in equity				
Fair value of cash flow hedges	**6.3**	24.6	**-**	-
	338.3	361.4	**0.2**	0.9
Deferred tax assets set off	**(64.5)**	(74.2)	**-**	-
Deferred tax liabilities set off	**-**	-	**(0.2)**	(0.9)
Net deferred tax liabilities	**273.8**	287.2	**-**	-
Movements				
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**361.4**	342.7	**0.9**	0.7
Charged/(credited) to the income statement	**(4.8)**	(2.0)	**(0.7)**	0.3
Charged/(credited) to equity	**(18.3)**	20.8	**-**	-
Transfer to deferred tax assets	**-**	(0.1)	**-**	(0.1)
Carrying amount at end of year	**338.3**	361.4	**0.2**	0.9

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

4. Income tax (continued)

(d) Tax Consolidation

Effective 1 July 2002, Tabcorp Holdings Limited ('the Head Company') and its 100% owned subsidiaries formed an income tax consolidation group. Members of the tax consolidation group entered into a tax sharing arrangement that provides for the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the Head Company default on its tax payment obligations. At balance date, the possibility of default is remote.

Tax effect accounting by members of the tax consolidation group

Members of the tax consolidation group have entered into a tax funding agreement effective from 1 July 2005. Under the terms of the tax funding agreement, the Head Company and each of the members in the tax consolidation group have agreed to make a tax equivalent payment to or from the Head Company, based on the current tax liability or current tax asset of the member. Deferred taxes are recorded by members of the tax consolidation group in accordance with the principles of AASB 112 'Income Taxes'. Calculations under the tax funding agreement are undertaken for statutory reporting purposes.

The allocation of taxes under the tax funding agreement is recognised as either an increase or decrease in the subsidiaries' intercompany accounts with the tax consolidation group Head Company. The Group has chosen to adopt the Group Allocation method as outlined in Interpretation 1052 'Tax Consolidation Accounting' as the basis to determine each members' current and deferred taxes. The Group Allocation method as adopted by the Group will not give rise to any contribution or distribution of the subsidiaries' equity accounts as there will not be any differences between the current tax amount that is allocated under the tax funding agreement and the amount that is allocated under the Group Allocation method.

		Consolidated		**Tabcorp Holdings**	
	Note	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
5. Dividends					
Dividends declared and paid during the year on ordinary shares:					
(a) Interim dividend for 2009 of 35.0 cents (2008: 47.0 cents)		**186.5**	246.7	**186.5**	246.7
(b) Special dividend for 2008 of 47.0 cents		**246.7**	-	**246.7**	-
(c) Final dividend for 2007 of 47.0 cents		**-**	246.7	**-**	246.7
	20	**433.2**	493.4	**433.2**	493.4
Dividends declared after balance date					
Since the end of the financial year, the directors declared the following dividend:					
Final - 30.0 cents per share		**181.1**	-	**181.1**	-
Special - 47.0 cents per share		**-**	246.7	**-**	246.7

The financial effect of this dividend has not been brought to account in the financial statements and will be recognised in subsequent financial reports (refer to note 29).

Franking credit balance					
Franking credits available at the 30% corporate tax rate after allowing for tax payable provided for in the financial statements, payment of dividends provided and receipt of dividends receivable as at balance date - calculated under the tax paid basis				**221.6**	193.8
Franking credits available once the impact of dividends declared after balance date has been incorporated				**144.0**	88.1

Dividends on ordinary shares are fully franked at a tax rate of 30%.

	Consolidated 2009 $m	2008 $m
6. Earnings per share		
(a) Earnings used in calculating earnings per share		
Basic and diluted earnings per share		
Net profit/(loss) attributable to members of the parent entity	**521.7**	(164.6)

	Consolidated 2009 Number	2008 Number
(b) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	**559,532,621**	524,927,016
Effect of dilution		
- Performance Options	**-**	239,040
- Performance Rights	**738,402**	518,563
- Adjustment for antidilutive impact of Performance Options and Performance Rights[(i)]	**-**	(757,603)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	**560,271,023**	524,927,016

(i) The weighted average number of shares used to calculate the diluted earnings per share is equal to or greater than the weighted average number of shares used to calculate basic earnings per share. In financial years where a net loss is incurred, the dilutive impact of Performance Options and Performance Rights is not taken into consideration as they are antidilutive and would result in the dilutive loss per share being less than the basic loss per share.

(c) Information concerning the classification of securities

Performance Options

Performance Options granted to employees are considered to be potential ordinary shares and have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share to the extent to which they are dilutive. The Performance Options have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Details relating to Performance Options are set out in note 24.

The following Performance Options granted are not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share because they are not dilutive. These Performance Options could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future:

	Note	Consolidated 2009 Number	2008 Number
- Issue date 7 September 2004	24	**843,252**	859,474
- Issue date 3 March 2005	24	**18,070**	38,834
- Issue date 7 September 2005	24	**646,329**	687,289
- Issue date 3 March 2006	24	**120,343**	120,343
- Issue date 3 April 2006	24	**n/a**	112,500
- Issue date 17 November 2006	24	**707,183**	896,005

Performance Rights

Performance Rights granted to employees are considered to be potential ordinary shares and have been included in the determination of diluted earnings per share to the extent to which they are dilutive. The Performance Rights have not been included in the determination of basic earnings per share. Details relating to Performance Rights are set out in note 24.

There have been no other significant transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of completion of these financial statements.

	Consolidated 2009 $m	2008 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2009 $m	2008 $m
7. Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash on hand and in banks	**102.6**	98.5	**4.3**	2.1
Short term deposits, maturing within 30 days	**188.8**	74.7	**87.2**	22.6
	291.4	173.2	**91.5**	24.7

	Consolidated 2009 $m	Consolidated 2008 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2009 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2008 $m
8. Receivables				
Current				
Trade debtors	**54.2**	61.1	**-**	-
Allowance for doubtful debts[(a)]	**(25.9)**	(18.1)	**-**	-
	28.3	43.0	**-**	-
Sundry debtors	**42.2**	21.8	**-**	0.2
	70.5	64.8	**-**	0.2

(a) Allowance for doubtful debts

Trade debtors are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 day terms. An allowance for doubtful debts is recognised when there is objective evidence that an individual trade debt is impaired.

Movements in the allowance for doubtful debts:	Consolidated 2009 $m	Consolidated 2008 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2009 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2008 $m
Balance at beginning of year	**(18.1)**	(9.8)	**-**	-
Net doubtful debt expense for the year[(i)]	**(11.4)**	(8.7)	**-**	-
Amounts written off[(i)]	**3.6**	0.4	**-**	-
Balance at end of year	**(25.9)**	(18.1)	**-**	-

(i) Amounts are included in other expenses.

Ageing analysis of trade debtors	0 - 30 days $m	> 30 days $m	Total $m
2009 - Consolidated			
Current	**16.5**	**0.5**	**17.0**
Past due not impaired	**-**	**11.3**	**11.3**
Considered impaired	**-**	**25.9**	**25.9**
	16.5	**37.7**	**54.2**
2008 - Consolidated			
Current	34.6	-	34.6
Past due not impaired	-	8.4	8.4
Considered impaired	-	18.1	18.1
	34.6	26.5	61.1

Other balances within receivables do not contain doubtful debts and are not past due. It is expected that these other balances will be received when due.

	Consolidated 2009 $m	Consolidated 2008 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2009 $m	Tabcorp Holdings 2008 $m
9. Inventories				
Consumable stores at cost	**14.8**	14.1	**-**	-
Provision for obsolescence	**(0.5)**	(0.7)	**-**	-
	14.3	13.4	**-**	-
10. Other assets				
Current				
Prepayments	**17.9**	17.5	**2.2**	2.3
Rental in advance	**0.3**	0.2	**-**	-
Other	**2.7**	5.9	**-**	-
	20.9	23.6	**2.2**	2.3
Non current				
Prepayments	**10.9**	10.1	**-**	-
Rental in advance	**11.1**	11.3	**-**	-
Other	**2.4**	2.1	**-**	-
	24.4	23.5	**-**	-
11. Property, plant and equipment				
Freehold land				
- at cost	**109.6**	109.6	**-**	-
Buildings				
- at cost[(i)]	**969.3**	915.9	**-**	-
- accumulated depreciation and impairment	**(152.0)**	(140.5)	**-**	-
	817.3	775.4	**-**	-
Leasehold improvements				
- at cost[(i)]	**363.4**	344.0	**0.4**	0.4
- accumulated depreciation	**(119.7)**	(106.1)	**(0.1)**	-
	243.7	237.9	**0.3**	0.4
Plant and equipment				
- at cost[(i)]	**1,079.5**	997.4	**6.6**	8.3
- accumulated depreciation and impairment	**(683.8)**	(621.0)	**(5.7)**	(5.2)
	395.7	376.4	**0.9**	3.1
	1,566.3	1,499.3	**1.2**	3.5

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
(i) Includes capital works in progress of:				
Buildings - at cost	**63.2**	27.9	**-**	-
Leasehold improvements - at cost	**8.4**	10.6	**-**	0.4
Plant and equipment - at cost	**58.2**	80.2	**-**	2.0
Total capital works in progress	**129.8**	118.7	**-**	2.4

Reconciliations	**Freehold land $m**	**Buildings $m**	**Leasehold improvements $m**	**Plant and equipment $m**	**Total $m**
2009 - Consolidated					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**109.6**	**775.4**	**237.9**	**376.4**	**1,499.3**
Additions	**-**	**68.8**	**15.5**	**92.9**	**177.2**
Reclassification/transfer	**-**	**(13.0)**	**4.1**	**14.4**	**5.5**
Disposals	**-**	**(0.4)**	**(0.1)**	**(0.8)**	**(1.3)**
Depreciation expense	**-**	**(13.5)**	**(13.7)**	**(87.2)**	**(114.4)**
Carrying amount at end of year	**109.6**	**817.3**	**243.7**	**395.7**	**1,566.3**
2009 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**-**	**-**	**0.4**	**3.1**	**3.5**
Additions	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.2**	**0.2**
Reclassification/transfer	**-**	**-**	**(0.1)**	**(1.9)**	**(2.0)**
Depreciation expense	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(0.5)**	**(0.5)**
Carrying amount at end of year	**-**	**-**	**0.3**	**0.9**	**1.2**

Reconciliations	**Freehold land $m**	**Buildings $m**	**Leasehold improvements $m**	**Plant and equipment $m**	**Total $m**
2008 - Consolidated					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	111.2	775.5	235.9	339.2	1,461.8
Additions	-	35.4	17.7	139.5	192.6
Reclassification/transfer	(1.6)	-	-	-	(1.6)
Disposals	-	-	-	(0.9)	(0.9)
Impairment	-	(23.2)	-	(15.8)	(39.0)
Depreciation expense	-	(12.3)	(15.7)	(85.6)	(113.6)
Carrying amount at end of year	109.6	775.4	237.9	376.4	1,499.3
2008 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	-	-	0.1	6.2	6.3
Additions	-	-	1.0	0.9	1.9
Reclassification/transfer	-	-	(0.7)	(3.2)	(3.9)
Disposals	-	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)
Depreciation expense	-	-	-	(0.7)	(0.7)
Carrying amount at end of year	-	-	0.4	3.1	3.5

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
12. Intangible assets - licences				
Victorian wagering and gaming licences				
- at cost	**477.9**	477.9	**477.9**	477.9
- accumulated amortisation	**(394.9)**	(368.4)	**(394.9)**	(368.4)
	83.0	109.5	**83.0**	109.5
NSW wagering licence				
- at cost	**339.1**	339.1	**-**	-
- accumulated amortisation	**(18.5)**	(14.8)	**-**	-
	320.6	324.3	**-**	-
Star City and Treasury casino licences				
- at cost	**294.7**	294.7	**-**	-
- accumulated amortisation	**(40.6)**	(37.4)	**-**	-
	254.1	257.3	**-**	-
Queensland Keno licence				
- at cost	**43.7**	43.7	**-**	-
- accumulated amortisation	**(13.3)**	(10.9)	**-**	-
	30.4	32.8	**-**	-
	688.1	723.9	**83.0**	109.5

Reconciliations	Victorian wagering & gaming licences $m	NSW wagering licence $m	Star City & Treasury casino licences $m	Queensland Keno licence $m	Total $m
2009 - Consolidated					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**109.5**	**324.3**	**257.3**	**32.8**	**723.9**
Amortisation expense	**(26.5)**	**(3.7)**	**(3.2)**	**(2.4)**	**(35.8)**
Carrying amount at end of year	**83.0**	**320.6**	**254.1**	**30.4**	**688.1**
2009 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**109.5**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**109.5**
Amortisation expense	**(26.5)**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(26.5)**
Carrying amount at end of year	**83.0**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**83.0**
2008 - Consolidated					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	597.2	328.0	260.5	35.1	1,220.8
Revision of accounting treatment	(461.1)	-	-	-	(461.1)
Amortisation expense	(26.6)	(3.7)	(3.2)	(2.3)	(35.8)
Carrying amount at end of year	109.5	324.3	257.3	32.8	723.9
2008 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	597.2	-	-	-	597.2
Revision of accounting treatment	(461.1)	-	-	-	(461.1)
Amortisation expense	(26.6)	-	-	-	(26.6)
Carrying amount at end of year	109.5	-	-	-	109.5

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
13. Intangible assets - other				
Goodwill				
- at cost	**3,538.3**	3,537.5	**-**	-
- accumulated impairment	**(346.9)**	(346.9)	**-**	-
	3,191.4	3,190.6	**-**	-
Star City casino concessions				
- at cost	**100.0**	-	**-**	-
- accumulated amortisation	**(0.2)**	-	**-**	-
	99.8	-	**-**	-
Software				
- at cost[(i)]	**358.4**	299.8	**5.8**	7.1
- accumulated amortisation and impairment	**(174.3)**	(141.1)	**(4.3)**	(3.6)
	184.1	158.7	**1.5**	3.5
Other				
- at cost	**34.2**	23.5	**-**	-
- accumulated amortisation	**(3.8)**	(2.5)	**-**	-
	30.4	21.0	**-**	-
Brand names - at cost	**105.5**	105.9	**-**	-
Broadcast rights - at cost	**6.5**	6.5	**-**	-
Media content - at cost	**24.1**	24.1	**-**	-
	3,641.8	3,506.8	**1.5**	3.5
(i) Includes capital works in progress of	**55.2**	51.0	**-**	1.6

Reconciliations	Goodwill $m	Star City casino concessions $m	Software $m	Other $m	Brand names $m	Broadcast rights $m	Media content $m
2009 - Consolidated							
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**3,190.6**	**-**	**158.7**	**21.0**	**105.9**	**6.5**	**24.1**
Additions							
- acquired	**0.8**	**100.0**	**18.3**	**10.7**	**-**	**-**	**-**
- internally developed	**-**	**-**	**48.3**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Reclassifications/ transfer	**-**	**-**	**(5.5)**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Disposals	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(0.4)**	**-**	**-**
Amortisation expense	**-**	**(0.2)**	**(35.7)**	**(1.3)**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Carrying amount at end of year	**3,191.4**	**99.8**	**184.1**	**30.4**	**105.5**	**6.5**	**24.1**
2009 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited							
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**-**	**-**	**3.5**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Reclassification/ transfer	**-**	**-**	**(1.2)**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Amortisation expense	**-**	**-**	**(0.8)**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**
Carrying amount at end of year	**-**	**-**	**1.5**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

13. Intangible assets - other (continued)

Reconciliations	Goodwill $m	Star City casino concessions $m	Software $m	Other $m	Brand names $m	Broadcast rights $m	Media content $m
2008 - Consolidated							
Carrying amount at beginning of year	3,384.6	-	137.9	21.7	105.9	6.5	24.1
Additions							
- acquired	-	-	3.9	-	-	-	-
- internally developed	-	-	46.7	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	(0.1)	-	-	-	-
Impairment [(i)]	(194.0)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amortisation expense	-	-	(29.7)	(0.7)	-	-	-
Carrying amount at end of year	3,190.6	-	158.7	21.0	105.9	6.5	24.1
2008 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited							
Carrying amount at beginning of year	-	-	7.2	-	-	-	-
Additions - internally developed	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-
Reclassification/ transfer	-	-	(3.6)	-	-	-	-
Amortisation expense	-	-	(0.6)	-	-	-	-
Carrying amount at end of year	-	-	3.5	-	-	-	-

(i) The impairment of goodwill in the wagering segment reflects the changing competitive environment, uncertainty in the regulatory regime and the impact of challenges in recent years including equine influenza.

14. Impairment testing of goodwill and intangibles with indefinite lives

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives (brand names, broadcast rights and media content) acquired through business combinations have been allocated to the applicable cash generating unit or group of units for impairment testing. Each cash generating unit represents a business operation of the Group.

Carrying amount of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives allocated to each cash generating unit or group of units:

Cash generating unit(s) (Segment)	Combined Casinos (Casinos) $m	Star City (Casinos) $m	Conrad Jupiters (Casinos) $m	Conrad Treasury (Casinos) $m	Combined Wagering (Wagering) $m	Wagering NSW (Wagering) $m	SKY Channel (Wagering) $m	Gaming Victoria (Gaming) $m	Combined Keno (Gaming) $m	Queensland Keno (Gaming) $m	Other (i) $m	Total carrying amount $m
2009 - Consolidated												
Goodwill	**1,443.7 (ii)**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1,547.9**	**-**	**-**	**47.2**	**152.6 (ii)**	**-**	**-**	**3,191.4**
Brand names	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**98.8**	**6.7**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**105.5**
Broadcast rights	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**6.5**	**6.5**
Media content	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**24.1**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**24.1**
	1,443.7	**-**	**-**	**-**	**1,547.9**	**98.8**	**30.8**	**47.2**	**152.6**	**-**	**6.5**	**3,327.5**
2008 - Consolidated												
Goodwill	-	575.6	514.3	347.7	1,547.1	-	-	47.2	-	129.6	29.1	3,190.6
Brand names	-	-	-	-	-	98.8	6.7	-	-	-	0.4	105.9
Broadcast rights	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.5	6.5
Media content	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.1	-	-	-	-	24.1
	-	575.6	514.3	347.7	1,547.1	98.8	30.8	47.2	-	129.6	36.0	3,327.1

(i) Represents an allocation to other cash generating units where the individual amount allocated per cash generating unit is not considered significant.
(ii) Goodwill in the casinos and Keno cash generating units has been allocated at a combined cash generating unit level for impairment testing in the current year.

14. Impairment testing of goodwill and intangibles with indefinite lives (continued)

The recoverable amount of each cash generating unit is determined based on fair value less costs to sell, which is calculated using the discounted cash flow approach. This approach utilises cash flow forecasts that are principally based upon Board approved business plans for a five-year period and extrapolated using growth rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.5%. These cash flows are then discounted using a relevant pre tax discount rate, ranging from 13.8% to 14.9%.

Key assumptions

The following describes the key assumptions on which management based its cash flow projections when determining fair value less selling costs to undertake impairment testing of goodwill and intangibles:

i. Cash flow forecasts

The cash flow forecasts are based upon the Board approved five-year business plan for each cash generating unit.

Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using growth rates which are either in line with or do not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the industry in which the cash generating unit operates.

The terminal growth rate used is in line with the forecast long term underlying growth rate in CPI.

ii. State tax regimes

The state tax regimes in which the Group currently operates remain largely unchanged.

iii. Regulatory

There are no regulatory amendments which would adversely impact gaming patronage or profitability of the casino properties.

iv. Discount rates

Discount rates applied are based on the pre tax weighted average cost of capital applicable to the relevant cash generating unit.

v. Victorian wagering and gaming licences

The Victorian wagering and gaming licences are assumed to expire in August 2012.

vi. Wagering market deregulation

The Group's wagering business is faced with significant changes in the regulatory environment. The following assumptions are based on available information and the Group's view of its existing contractual rights.

Exclusive retail wagering licences in Victoria and NSW

It is assumed that retail exclusivity is retained. The wagering business competes with bookmakers in Victoria and New South Wales, and other interstate and international wagering operators who accept bets over the phone and the internet. There is a possibility that competition from the interstate and international operators may extend further to the Group's retail wagering network in the future.

Race fields fees

Each state has announced it will implement new race fields arrangements, under which each state's racing industry will charge wagering operators product fees for use of that industry's race fields information. Consequently, the Group is required to pay additional product fees. Members of the Group have contracts with the New South Wales and Victorian racing industries that should allow them to offset or recover some of the fees. Members of the Group are currently in dispute with various racing industry bodies regarding the application of certain aspects of the race fields regimes or contracts that govern product fees. Those disputes may lead to litigation or other dispute resolution processes, including negotiated settlement. It is assumed that the profit impact of the new product fees after offsets and recoveries will be in the order of $30 million per annum before tax until August 2012, at which time it is assumed the profit impact will increase to approximately $55 million per annum. The actual impact may be above or below these estimates. Adverse outcomes in the areas under dispute could increase the impact in 2010 through to 2012 by up to a further $35 million per annum before tax.

The key estimates and assumptions used to determine the fair value less costs to sell of a cash generating unit are based on management's current expectations and are considered to be reasonably achievable. However significant changes in any of these key estimates and assumptions may result in a cash generating unit's carrying value exceeding its recoverable value requiring an impairment charge to be recognised at a future date.

		Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	Note	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
15. Other receivables					
Non current					
Receivable in respect of Victorian licences[i]		**474.6**	474.6	**474.6**	474.6
Allowance for impairment[a][i]		**(474.6)**	(474.6)	**(474.6)**	(474.6)
		-	-	**-**	-
Amounts receivable from controlled entities	27	**-**	-	**3,210.4**	2,312.9
Other		**2.3**	2.1	**2.3**	2.1
		2.3	2.1	**3,212.7**	2,315.0
(a) Movements in the allowance for impairment:					
Balance at beginning of year		**(474.6)**	-	**(474.6)**	-
Impairment for the year		**-**	(474.6)	**-**	(474.6)
Balance at end of year		**(474.6)**	(474.6)	**(474.6)**	(474.6)

(i) Receivable in respect of Victorian licences

Pursuant to section 4.3.12 of the Gambling Regulation Act 2003 (Vic) on the grant of new licences, the Company is entitled to be paid an amount equal to the licence value of the former licences or the premium paid by the new licensee, whichever is the lesser. The Company's estimate of the payment to be received in 2012 is $686.8 million and the receivable in respect of Victorian licences represents this estimate at its present value at 30 June 2008.

On 10 April 2008 the Victorian Government announced that it had decided to move to a new industry structure for gaming, wagering and Keno in Victoria beyond 2012 and stated that it had formed the view that the Company is not entitled to compensation ('the Announcement').

In accordance with AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' the Company assessed the estimated cash flows of the receivable for recoverability. Given the uncertainty created by the Announcement the receivable in respect of the Victorian licences was considered impaired and the full value was provided for at 30 June 2008.

The Company intends to pursue all available options in relation to recovery of the payment from the Government.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
16. Payables				
Current				
Trade creditors and accrued expenses - unsecured	**492.2**	407.3	**26.4**	23.9
17. Interest bearing liabilities				
Non current				
Bank loans - unsecured	**314.9**	1,084.8	**-**	-
Medium term notes(i):				
- fixed interest rate	**383.8**	383.3	**-**	-
- floating interest rate	**490.6**	64.9	**276.4**	-
Private placement(ii):				
- US dollar(iii)	**751.9**	637.0	**-**	-
- Australian dollar	**99.7**	99.7	**-**	-
	2,040.9	2,269.7	**276.4**	-

(i) Mature in October 2011 and May 2014.
(ii) Mature in December 2014, December 2016, and December 2019.
(iii) Aggregate US dollar principal of $625.0m (2008: $625.0m). Cross currency swaps are in place for all US dollar debt. Under these swaps the aggregate Australian dollar amount payable is $838.6m (2008: $838.6m). The mark to market valuation of these swaps are included in 'Derivative financial instruments'.

Fair value disclosures

Details of the fair value of the Group's interest bearing liabilities are set out in note 31.

Financing arrangements

Bank loans - the facilities at the end of the current year consist of:

Type	Amount $m	2009 Expiry date	2008 Expiry date
Syndicated revolving facility	260.0	April 2010	April 2010
	375.0	October 2010	October 2010
	265.0	October 2012	October 2012
Revolving facility	200.0	March 2010	March 2010
	125.0	October 2010	October 2010
	150.0	February 2011	February 2011

Each of the above facilities is subject to financial undertakings as to net worth, gearing and interest cover.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
18. Provisions				
Current				
Employee benefits	**57.2**	53.0	**2.0**	2.5
Workers' compensation	**11.0**	11.2	**-**	-
Onerous contract - surplus lease space	**1.9**	1.6	**-**	-
Management agreement - Gold Coast and Brisbane casinos	**12.3**	16.4	**-**	-
Restructuring costs	**1.1**	6.8	**0.5**	4.6
Other	**5.3**	9.7	**1.9**	0.6
	88.8	98.7	**4.4**	7.7
Non current				
Employee benefits	**9.0**	8.9	**0.5**	0.3
Onerous contract - surplus lease space	**-**	2.0	**-**	-
Management agreement - Gold Coast and Brisbane casinos	**-**	12.3	**-**	-
Other	**2.3**	2.2	**0.3**	0.3
	11.3	25.4	**0.8**	0.6

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

18. Provisions (continued)

Reconciliations

Reconciliations of each class of provision, except for employee benefits, at the end of the current year are set out below:

	Workers' compensation	Onerous contract - surplus lease space	Management agreement - Gold Coast and Brisbane casinos	Restructuring costs	Other
	$m	$m	$m	$m	$m
2009 - Consolidated					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**11.2**	**3.6**	**28.7**	**6.8**	**11.9**
Provisions made during the year	**3.4**	**-**	**-**	**1.2**	**2.0**
Payments made during the year	**(2.3)**	**(1.4)**	**(24.8)**	**(4.0)**	**(0.4)**
Unused amounts reversed	**(1.3)**	**(0.3)**	**-**	**(2.9)**	**(5.9)**
Unwinding of discounts	**-**	**-**	**8.4**	**-**	**-**
Carrying amount at end of year	**11.0**	**1.9**	**12.3**	**1.1**	**7.6**
Carrying amount at end of year					
- current	**11.0**	**1.9**	**12.3**	**1.1**	**5.3**
- non current	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**2.3**
	11.0	**1.9**	**12.3**	**1.1**	**7.6**
Carrying amount at beginning of year					
- current	11.2	1.6	16.4	6.8	9.7
- non current	-	2.0	12.3	-	2.2
	11.2	3.6	28.7	6.8	11.9
2009 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited					
Carrying amount at beginning of year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**4.6**	**0.9**
Provisions made during the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.6**	**1.3**
Payments made during the year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(3.5)**	**-**
Unused amounts reversed	**-**	**-**	**-**	**(1.2)**	**-**
Carrying amount at end of year	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.5**	**2.2**
Carrying amount at end of year					
- current	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.5**	**1.9**
- non current	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**0.3**
	-	**-**	**-**	**0.5**	**2.2**
Carrying amount at beginning of year					
- current	-	-	-	4.6	0.6
- non current	-	-	-	-	0.3
	-	-	-	4.6	0.9

Nature and timing of provisions

Workers' compensation

The casinos self insure for workers' compensation in both New South Wales and Queensland. A valuation of the estimated claims liability for workers' compensation is undertaken annually by an independent actuary, Mr Andrew Cohen FIAA FIA and Mr Mark Hurst FIAA (Finity Consulting Pty Ltd).

The valuations are prepared in accordance with the relevant legislative requirements of each state and Professional Standard 300 of the Institute of Actuaries. The estimate of claims liability includes a margin over case estimates to allow for the future development of known claims, the cost of incurred but not reported ('IBNR') claims and claims handling expenses, which are determined using a range of assumptions.

The Group provides a risk margin in addition to the actuarially estimated claims liability.

Onerous contract - surplus lease space

In 1995, a 15 year non cancellable lease contract was entered into by Star City Pty Ltd for commercial premises in Ultimo, New South Wales. A surplus lease space provision has been recognised as the premises are not occupied by the Group and the lease expenses exceed the rental income from a number of sub-leases to third party tenants. The provision represents the present value of the estimated liability for the Group to the expiration of the lease in April 2010 for its obligations under the lease agreement, assuming no further space is sub-let.

Management agreement - Gold Coast and Brisbane casinos

The Gold Coast and Brisbane casinos were managed by a third party under contract at the time of the acquisition of Jupiters Limited by the Group in 2003. A provision of $115.9 million was included in the determination of the fair value of the net assets and liabilities acquired. The contract matures in April 2010.

Restructuring costs

The restructuring provisions relate principally to business-led cost saving restructures and initiatives.

		Consolidated		**Tabcorp Holdings**	
	Note	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
19. Other liabilities					
Current					
Deferred revenue		**26.9**	20.6	**-**	-
Other		**-**	0.6	**-**	-
		26.9	21.2	**-**	-
Non current					
Deferred revenue		**0.2**	1.3	**-**	-
Pension liability	25	**1.3**	1.9	**1.3**	1.9
		1.5	3.2	**1.3**	1.9
20. Capital and reserves					
(a) Issued capital					
Ordinary shares - issued and fully paid[i]		**3,674.9**	3,198.9	**3,674.9**	3,198.9
Treasury shares[ii]		**(4.2)**	(3.5)	**(1.7)**	(0.8)
		3,670.7	3,195.4	**3,673.2**	3,198.1

(i) Ordinary shares

There is only one class of share (ordinary shares) on issue. These ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number and amounts paid on the shares held. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote. The Company does not have authorised capital nor par value in respect of its issued shares.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

20. Capital and reserves (continued)

	2009		2008	
	Number of shares	**$m**	**Number of shares**	**$m**
Movements in ordinary share capital				
Balance at beginning of year	**524,927,016**	**3,198.9**	524,927,016	3,199.0
Share issue	**66,741,292**	**387.0**	-	-
Transaction costs	**-**	**(5.4)**	-	-
Dividend reinvestment plan	**12,039,111**	**92.6**	-	-
Transfer from employee equity benefit reserve	**-**	**1.8**	-	0.4
Net outlay to purchase shares[a]	**-**	**-**	-	(0.5)
Balance at end of year	**603,707,419**	**3,674.9**	524,927,016	3,198.9

(a) Net outlay for the purchase of Company shares for Performance Options and Performance Rights exercised by certain executives in lieu of issuing new share capital.

(ii) Treasury shares

Treasury shares comprise:

- the balance of limited recourse loans provided to employees in employee share plans (loans ceased being granted in 2003); and
- the unvested portion of Restricted Shares issued to executives as an incentive on appointment or for retention.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Movements in treasury shares				
Balance at beginning of year	**(3.5)**	(6.7)	**(0.8)**	(1.0)
Restricted Shares issued	**(2.3)**	(1.4)	**(2.3)**	(1.4)
Share based payments expense - Company	**0.1**	0.6	**0.1**	0.6
Share based payments expense - other Group entities	**1.1**	1.0	**1.1**	1.0
Transfer of limited recourse loan to receivable	**-**	1.0	**-**	-
Repayments[a]	**0.2**	2.0	**-**	-
Disposal of shares	**0.2**	-	**0.2**	-
Balance at end of year	**(4.2)**	(3.5)	**(1.7)**	(0.8)

(a) Refer to note 24 for details of the employee share plans.

		Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	Note	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
(b) Accumulated losses					
Movements in retained earnings/ (accumulated losses):					
Balance at beginning of year		**(503.7)**	155.1	**(379.5)**	299.1
Net actuarial loss on defined benefit plan		**(1.3)**	(0.8)	**(1.3)**	(0.8)
Net profit/(loss) attributable to members of the parent entity		**521.7**	(164.6)	**615.2**	(184.4)
Dividends paid	5	**(433.2)**	(493.4)	**(433.2)**	(493.4)
Balance at end of year		**(416.5)**	(503.7)	**(198.8)**	(379.5)
(c) Reserves					
Net unrealised gains reserve (i)					
Balance at beginning of year		**56.6**	7.8	**-**	-
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges		**(42.7)**	48.8	**-**	-
Balance at end of year		**13.9**	56.6	**-**	-
Employee equity benefit reserve (ii)					
Balance at beginning of year		**9.0**	7.4	**9.0**	7.4
Share based payments expense - Company		**1.1**	0.7	**1.1**	0.7
Share based payments expense - other Group entities		**0.4**	1.3	**0.4**	1.3
Transfers to share capital		**(1.8)**	(0.4)	**(1.8)**	(0.4)
Balance at end of year		**8.7**	9.0	**8.7**	9.0
Total reserves		**22.6**	65.6	**8.7**	9.0

Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Records fair value changes on the portion of the gain or loss on a hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge that is determined to be an effective hedge.

(ii) Records the movement of equity benefits provided to executives and employees as part of their remuneration (refer to note 24).

(d) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to ensure the Group continues as a going concern while providing optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends to be paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group has a target of an investment grade credit rating. Gearing is managed primarily through the ratio of gross debt to earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation and impairment (EBITDA).

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

	Consolidated	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**
Interest bearing liabilities	**2,040.9**	2,269.7
EBITDA	**1,072.6**	1,075.2
Gearing ratio	**1.9**	2.1

21. Notes to the cash flow statement

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Reconciliation of net profit/(loss) after tax to net cash flows from operating activities				
Net profit/(loss) after tax	**521.7**	(165.0)	**615.2**	(184.4)
Add/(less) items classified as investing/financing activities:				
- net gain on disposal of controlled entity	**-**	(0.4)	**-**	-
- net (gain)/loss on disposal of non current assets	**(0.3)**	(1.4)	**-**	0.1
Add/(less) non cash income and expense items:				
- depreciation and amortisation	**177.2**	192.9	**27.7**	55.0
- impairment	**-**	707.6	**-**	474.6
- share based payments expense	**2.7**	3.4	**1.2**	1.3
- net change on fair value/cash flow hedges	**(6.0)**	(7.5)	**-**	-
- unwinding of discount on other receivables	**(0.2)**	(40.6)	**(0.2)**	(40.6)
- other	**(0.5)**	0.9	**0.3**	0.9
Net cash provided by operating activities before changes in assets and liabilities	**694.6**	689.9	**644.2**	306.9
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase)/decrease in:				
- trade and sundry receivables	**(5.9)**	(32.7)	**-**	(0.1)
- inventories	**(0.9)**	2.5	**-**	-
- prepayments	**(1.2)**	(11.3)	**0.1**	0.2
- accrued interest income	**0.2**	-	**0.2**	-
- amounts receivable from controlled entities	**-**	-	**(363.1)**	(355.6)
- deferred tax assets	**-**	-	**1.0**	1.1
- other assets	**2.1**	(4.1)	**-**	-
(Decrease)/increase in:				
- payables	**4.3**	11.4	**2.8**	4.9
- provisions	**(24.0)**	(42.0)	**(3.1)**	(10.6)
- deferred tax liabilities	**2.3**	(2.2)	**-**	-
- provision for income tax	**6.5**	39.1	**4.7**	38.7
- other liabilities	**(5.5)**	1.7	**(10.8)**	0.8
Net cash from operating activities	**672.5**	652.3	**276.0**	(13.7)

22. Commitments

(a) Capital expenditure commitments

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Property, plant and equipment				
Contracted but not provided for and payable:				
Not later than one year	**72.7**	33.4	**-**	-
Later than one year but not later than five years	**18.8**	24.4	**-**	-
	91.5	57.8	**-**	-
Software				
Contracted but not provided for and payable:				
Not later than one year	**5.8**	2.3	**-**	-
	5.8	2.3	**-**	-

22. Commitments (continued)

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
(b) Operating lease commitments				
Contracted but not provided for and payable:				
Not later than one year	**34.0**	32.2	**2.6**	2.5
Later than one year but not later than five years	**63.7**	70.0	**4.2**	6.8
Later than five years	**81.2**	85.9	**-**	-
	178.9	188.1	**6.8**	9.3
Non cancellable sub-leases exist in relation to the operating lease commitments disclosed above with the following future minimum lease payments contracted to be received:				
Not later than one year	**3.5**	1.6	**-**	-
Later than one year but not later than five years	**4.5**	2.9	**-**	-
	8.0	4.5	**-**	-

The Group leases property under operating leases expiring from 1 to 84 years. Leases generally provide the Group with a right of renewal at which time all terms are renegotiated. Lease payments comprise a base amount plus an incremental contingent rental. Contingent rentals are based on either movements in the Consumer Price Index or are subject to market rate review.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
(c) Operating expenditure commitments				
Contracted but not provided for and payable(i):				
Not later than one year	**158.0**	141.9	**-**	-
Later than one year but not later than five years	**380.9**	504.2	**-**	-
Later than five years	**18.0**	25.0	**-**	-
	556.9	671.1	**-**	-

(i) Long term contracts for telecommunication services, racing club broadcast rights, Victoria racing program and marketing agreement and information technology services.

23. Segment information

The Group's primary format of segment reporting is on a business segment basis.

The Group has three main business segments:

Casinos — Casino operations including hotels, apartment complex, theatres, restaurants and bars.

Wagering — Comprises:

- Totalisator and fixed odds betting activities; and
- National and international broadcasting of racing and sporting events.

Gaming — Gaming machine and Keno operations in licensed clubs and hotels.

The Group's business segments are predominantly located in, and provide services to one geographical segment, Australia. Operations outside of Australia were not material in the reported years.

Unallocated includes residual international technology and product sales. Intersegment pricing is determined on commercial terms and conditions.

	Casinos $m	Wagering $m	Gaming $m	Unallocated $m	Elimination $m	Consolidated $m
2009 - Consolidated						
Total operating revenues - external	1,385.4	1,582.6	1,198.8	0.4	-	4,167.2
Other revenues - external	6.6	10.8	26.7	-	-	44.1
Intersegment revenue	6.3	-	-	-	(6.3)	-
Revenues	1,398.3	1,593.4	1,225.5	0.4	(6.3)	4,211.3
Segment Result	**364.6**	**251.7**	**277.1**			**893.4**
Unallocated items						
- operating revenues						0.4
- other income and expenses						1.6
- finance income						7.1
- finance costs						(160.4)
Profit before income tax						742.1
Income tax expense						(220.4)
Profit for the year						**521.7**
Depreciation and amortisation	69.3	62.9	45.8	(0.8)	-	177.2
Segment assets	3,363.0	2,468.1	488.1	20.2	-	6,339.4
Segment liabilities	335.2	219.6	52.5	2,455.3	-	3,062.6
Capital expenditure	230.8	86.2	38.3	-	-	355.3

	Casinos $m	Wagering $m	Gaming $m	Unallocated $m	Elimination $m	Consolidated $m
2008 - Consolidated						
Total operating revenues - external	1,352.3	1,469.9	1,133.6	1.2	-	3,957.0
Other revenues - external	7.1	7.7	20.6	0.1	-	35.5
Intersegment revenue	5.2	-	-	-	(5.2)	-
Revenues	1,364.6	1,477.6	1,154.2	1.3	(5.2)	3,992.5
Segment Result (pre impairment)	**408.1**	**247.1**	**225.0**			**880.2**
Segment Result	**369.1**	**(98.8)**	**(97.7)**			**172.6**
Unallocated items						
- operating revenues						1.2
- other revenues						0.1
- other income and expenses						0.8
- finance income						49.9
- finance costs						(168.4)
Profit before income tax						56.2
Income tax expense						(221.2)
Loss for the year						**(165.0)**
Depreciation and amortisation	61.7	67.1	63.8	0.3	-	192.9
Impairment losses recognised in the income statement	39.0	345.9	322.7	-	-	707.6
Segment assets	3,170.6	2,383.9	474.8	92.4	-	6,121.7
Segment liabilities	272.4	207.4	48.5	2,836.1	-	3,364.4
Capital expenditure	126.5	67.2	49.5	-	-	243.2

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

24. Employee share plans

The Company has a number of share plans in operation which were established to enable eligible employees to own shares in the Company, and to provide equity instruments to senior executives and management as a component of their remuneration.

The maximum number of shares that can be outstanding at any time under these plans is limited to 5% of the Company's issued capital.

These plans operate under the following names:

Plan type	Employee equity participation plans	Incentive equity plans
Current		Short Term Performance Plan (STPP)(i) Long Term Performance Plan (LTPP)(i)
Previous	Employee Deferred Share Plan (EDSP)(ii) General Employee Share Plan (GESP)(iii)	Senior Executive Long Term Incentive Plan (SELTIP)(iii) Medium Term Performance Plan (MTPP)(iv)

(i) Implemented in 2003.
(ii) Implemented in 2004 and ceased being offered during 2009.
(iii) Ceased being offered in 2003.
(iv) Implemented in 2007 and ceased being offered in 2008.

In addition, the Company has granted Restricted Shares to certain executives as an incentive upon appointment or for retention.

The share based payments expense in respect of the equity instruments granted is recognised in the income statement for the period and is disclosed at note 2.

The nature of each plan and other relevant information is described below:

Employee equity participation plans

The object of these plans was to provide the opportunity for eligible employees to own shares in the Company and align the interest of employees with those of shareholders.

Under the EDSP, participants were able to acquire shares in the Company through salary sacrifice. A minimum of $1,000 of shares and up to no more than 50% of remuneration could be purchased under the EDSP each year. Shares were acquired in quarterly instalments at the volume weighted average share price at the time of allocation.

Participants in the GESP received an interest free loan to acquire shares in the Company. The loans matured either five years after commencement or upon cessation of employment and were repaid by way of instalments through salary deductions or on cessation of employment. All loans held had matured by September 2008.

Incentive equity plans

Current

A detailed explanation of the current incentive equity plans are disclosed in note 1(w) and the Remuneration report.

Previous

A detailed explanation of the SELTIP incentive equity plan is disclosed in the Remuneration report.

The MTPP was offered during the 2007 financial year as a component of remuneration, designed to reward executives and senior management for the achievement of sustained performance over a two year period whilst encouraging the retention of key talent. The MTPP is no longer offered. The MTPP was delivered in the form of Restricted Shares, which are subject to a two year service condition during which time the shares may not be traded, but have full entitlement to both dividends and voting rights.

The MTPP is expensed over a two year period, commencing from the time the Restricted Shares were granted to the executive.

Details of employee share plans

Set out below are summaries of Performance Options and Performance Rights granted under long term performance plans and service agreements.

Options, Performance Options and Performance Rights issued

Details of Performance Options and Performance Rights outstanding at the end of the current or previous year are:

		Exercise price ($)	
Grant date	Exercise expiry date	Performance Options	Performance Rights
1 December 2003	1 December 2010	11.23	Nil
7 September 2004	7 September 2011	14.54	Nil
3 March 2005	3 March 2012	17.03	Nil
7 September 2005	7 September 2012	16.51	Nil
3 March 2006	3 March 2013	15.08	Nil
3 April 2006	3 April 2013	15.42	Nil
17 November 2006	17 November 2013	15.22	Nil
26 November 2007	26 November 2014	n/a	Nil
29 November 2007	29 November 2014	n/a	Nil
15 September 2008	15 September 2015	n/a	Nil
23 October 2008	15 September 2015	n/a	Nil
17 June 2009	17 June 2016	n/a	Nil

Movements in Options, Performance Options and Performance Rights:

Consolidated and Tabcorp Holdings Limited

Grant date	WASP at exercise date(i) $	Balance at start of year Number	Granted during the year Number	Forfeited during the year Number	Expired during the year Number	Exercised during the year Number	Balance at end of year Number	Exercisable at end of year Number
2009								
Performance Options								
1 December 2003	n/a	**876,721**	-	-	**(876,721)**	-	-	-
7 September 2004	n/a	**859,474**	-	**(16,222)**	-	-	**843,252**	-
3 March 2005	n/a	**38,834**	-	**(20,764)**	-	-	**18,070**	-
7 September 2005	n/a	**687,289**	-	**(40,960)**	-	-	**646,329**	-
3 March 2006	n/a	**120,343**	-	-	-	-	**120,343**	-
3 April 2006	n/a	**112,500**	-	**(112,500)**	-	-	-	-
17 November 2006	n/a	**896,005**	-	**(188,822)**	-	-	**707,183**	-
		3,591,166	-	**(379,268)**	**(876,721)**	-	**2,335,177**	-
Performance Rights								
1 December 2003	n/a	**106,745**	-	-	**(106,745)**	-	-	-
7 September 2004	n/a	**111,909**	-	**(3,309)**	-	-	**108,600**	-
3 March 2005	n/a	**6,508**	-	**(2,823)**	-	-	**3,685**	-
7 September 2005	n/a	**104,745**	-	**(6,535)**	-	-	**98,210**	-
3 March 2006	n/a	**16,592**	-	-	-	-	**16,592**	-
3 April 2006	n/a	**15,000**	-	**(15,000)**	-	-	-	-
17 November 2006	n/a	**485**	-	-	-	-	**485**	-
26 November 2007	n/a	**100,000**	-	-	-	-	**100,000**	-
29 November 2007	n/a	**362,204**	-	**(87,781)**	-	-	**274,423**	-
15 September 2008	n/a	-	**553,545**	**(109,195)**	-	-	**444,350**	-
23 October 2008	n/a	-	**281,425**	-	-	-	**281,425**	-
17 June 2009	n/a	-	**660,418**	-	-	-	**660,418**	-
		824,188	**1,495,388**	**(224,643)**	**(106,745)**	-	**1,988,188**	-

(i) Denotes the weighted average share price at the date of exercise.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

24. Employee share plans (continued)

Grant date	WASP at exercise date(i) $	Balance at start of year Number	Granted during the year Number	Forfeited during the year Number	Expired during the year Number	Exercised during the year Number	Balance at end of year Number	Exercisable at end of year Number
2008								
Options and Performance Options								
7 October 2002	15.22	1,000,000	-	-	(914,835)	(85,165)	-	-
1 December 2003	n/a	894,056	-	(17,335)	-	-	876,721	-
7 September 2004	15.11	950,959	-	(14,562)	-	(76,923)	859,474	-
3 March 2005	n/a	50,574	-	(11,740)	-	-	38,834	-
7 September 2005	n/a	731,765	-	(44,476)	-	-	687,289	-
3 March 2006	n/a	131,372	-	(11,029)	-	-	120,343	-
3 April 2006	n/a	112,500	-	-	-	-	112,500	-
17 November 2006	n/a	955,964	-	(59,959)	-	-	896,005	-
		4,827,190	-	(159,101)	(914,835)	(162,088)	3,591,166	-
Performance Rights								
1 December 2003	n/a	110,287	-	(3,542)	-	-	106,745	-
7 September 2004	15.12	125,340	-	(2,971)	-	(10,460)	111,909	-
3 March 2005	n/a	8,901	-	(2,393)	-	-	6,508	-
7 September 2005	14.79	120,458	-	(8,610)	-	(7,103)	104,745	-
3 March 2006	n/a	18,830	-	(2,238)	-	-	16,592	-
3 April 2006	n/a	15,000	-	-	-	-	15,000	-
17 November 2006	n/a	485	-	-	-	-	485	-
26 November 2007	n/a	-	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	-
29 November 2007	n/a	-	410,296	(48,092)	-	-	362,204	-
		399,301	510,296	(67,846)	-	(17,563)	824,188	-

(i) Denotes the weighted average share price at the date of exercise.

The weighted average remaining contractual life for the Performance Options and Performance Rights outstanding at balance date is:

- Performance Options: 3.2 years (2008: 3.8 years)
- Performance Rights: 5.9 years (2008: 5.1 years)

Fair value of equity instruments

The Performance Options and Performance Rights have been independently valued at the date of grant using a Monte-Carlo simulation-based model and Binomial Tree methodology.

The assumptions underlying the Performance Options and Performance Rights valuations are:

Grant date	Expiry date	Share price at date of grant $	Expected volatility in share price(i) %	Expected dividend yield(ii) %	Risk free interest rate(iii) %	Value per Performance Option $	Value per Performance Right $
1 Dec 2003	1 Dec 2010	11.19	19.80	6.00	5.98	1.31	5.65
7 Sep 2004	7 Sep 2011	14.57	16.00	4.90	5.53	1.81	8.72
3 Mar 2005	3 Mar 2012	16.81	16.00	4.50	5.56	2.16	10.29
7 Sep 2005	7 Sep 2012	16.35	16.00	4.95	5.10	1.86	10.01
3 Mar 2006	3 Mar 2013	15.00	16.00	5.00	5.31	1.73	9.21
3 Apr 2006	3 Apr 2013	15.85	16.00	5.00	5.40	2.01	9.75
17 Nov 2006	17 Nov 2013	16.69	15.00	5.00	5.83 / 5.89 (iv)	2.42	10.18
17 Nov 2006	17 Nov 2013	16.69	15.00	5.00	5.83	2.29	n/a
26 Nov 2007	26 Nov 2014	15.04	20.00	5.50	6.24	n/a	7.40
29 Nov 2007	29 Nov 2014	15.01	18.00	5.00	6.34	n/a	9.35
15 Sep 2008	15 Sep 2015	8.17	24.00	5.50	5.59	n/a	5.33
23 Oct 2008	15 Sep 2015	6.95	24.00	5.50	4.37	n/a	4.42
17 Jun 2009	17 Jun 2016	6.86	26.00	5.50	4.31	n/a	4.60

(i) Reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends.
(ii) Reflects the assumption that the current payout ratio will continue with no anticipated increases.
(iii) Represents the zero coupon interest rate derived from government bond market interest rates on the valuation date and vary according to each maturity date.
(iv) Risk free interest rate used for Performance Options and Performance Rights respectively.

25. Pensions and other post employment benefit plans

Superannuation funds

The Tabcorp Superannuation Plan comprises:

- an accumulation section - providing benefits based on contributions accumulated with interest; and
- a defined benefit section (closed to new entrants) - providing benefits based on salary and length of service.

The Group contributes to the Tabcorp Superannuation Plan as follows:

- the accumulation section at rates specified in the governing rules; and
- the defined benefit section at rates recommended by the actuary.

In addition, the Group contributes superannuation on behalf of some employees to:

- Industry Funds as required by Enterprise Agreements; and
- other nominated superannuation funds following changes to superannuation legislation from 1 July 2005.

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the Group's income statement and the funded status and amounts recognised in the Group's balance sheet for the defined benefit section of the Tabcorp Superannuation Plan.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Movements in the net asset/(liability) recognised in the balance sheet				
Balance at beginning of year	**(1.9)**	0.3	**(1.9)**	0.3
Expense recognised in the income statement	**(0.3)**	(1.4)	**(0.3)**	(1.4)
Actuarial loss recognised in retained earnings	**(1.9)**	(1.1)	**(1.9)**	(1.1)
Employer contributions	**2.8**	0.3	**2.8**	0.3
Balance at end of year	**(1.3)**	(1.9)	**(1.3)**	(1.9)
Net benefit expense recognised in the income statement				
Current service cost	**0.4**	1.2	**0.4**	1.2
Interest cost on benefit obligation	**0.8**	1.3	**0.8**	1.3
Expected return on plan assets	**(0.9)**	(1.1)	**(0.9)**	(1.1)
Net benefit expense	**0.3**	1.4	**0.3**	1.4
Actual return on plan assets	**2.7**	1.6	**2.7**	1.6

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

25. Pensions and other post employment benefit plans (continued)

	2009 $m	2008 $m	2007 $m	2006 $m	2005 $m
Reconciliation of the net asset/(liability) recognised on the balance sheet					
Consolidated and Tabcorp Holdings Limited					
Present value of defined benefit obligation	**(13.2)**	(14.7)	(24.5)	(22.6)	(24.6)
Fair value of plan assets	**11.9**	12.8	24.8	23.9	23.2
Net benefit asset/(liability) - non current	**(1.3)**	(1.9)	0.3	1.3	(1.4)

The Group has a legal liability to make up a deficit in the plan and also a legal right to benefit from any surplus in the plan.

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $m	2008 $m	2009 $m	2008 $m
Reconciliation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation				
Balance at beginning of year	**(14.7)**	(24.5)	**(14.7)**	(24.5)
Interest cost	**(0.8)**	(1.3)	**(0.8)**	(1.3)
Current service cost	**(0.4)**	(1.2)	**(0.4)**	(1.2)
Benefits and taxes paid	**1.4**	10.8	**1.4**	10.8
Plan participants' contributions	**(0.4)**	(0.1)	**(0.4)**	(0.1)
Actuarial losses on obligation	**1.7**	1.6	**1.7**	1.6
Balance at end of year	**(13.2)**	(14.7)	**(13.2)**	(14.7)
Reconciliation of the fair value of plan assets				
Balance at beginning of year	**12.8**	24.8	**12.8**	24.8
Expected return	**0.9**	1.1	**0.9**	1.1
Contributions by employer	**2.8**	0.3	**2.8**	0.3
Benefits and taxes paid	**(1.4)**	(10.8)	**(1.4)**	(10.8)
Plan participants' contributions	**0.4**	0.1	**0.4**	0.1
Actuarial losses	**(3.6)**	(2.7)	**(3.6)**	(2.7)
Balance at end of year	**11.9**	12.8	**11.9**	12.8
Amounts recognised in the statement of recognised income and expense				
Actuarial loss	**(1.9)**	(1.1)	**(1.9)**	(1.1)
Cumulative actuarial gains/(losses)	**(1.2)**	0.7	**(1.2)**	0.7

The history of experience adjustments is as follows:

	2009 $m	2008 $m	2007 $m	2006 $m	2005 $m
Consolidated and Tabcorp Holdings Limited					
Experience adjustments - plan liabilities	**0.6**	1.7	(1.7)	0.3	-
Experience adjustments - plan assets	**(3.6)**	(2.7)	0.6	3.0	-

The Group expects to contribute $0.3 million to its defined benefit plan in the 2010 financial year.

The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

	2009 %	2008 %
Australian equities	**30.0**	29.0
International equities	**27.0**	29.0
Alternative assets	**17.0**	6.0
Australian fixed interest	**10.0**	10.0
International fixed interest	**6.0**	13.0
Listed property	**4.5**	6.7
Direct property	**1.5**	3.3
Cash	**4.0**	3.0

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions used in determining pension obligations for the Group's plans are shown below (expressed as weighted averages):

	2009 % pa	2008 % pa
Discount rate		
- active members	**5.5**	5.5
- pensioners(i)	**5.5**	6.5
Expected salary increase rate	**4.5**	4.5
Expected pension increase rate	**2.5**	2.5
Expected rate of return on assets		
- supporting lump sum liabilities	**7.0**	7.0
- supporting pensioner liabilities(i)	**8.0**	8.0

(i) Assets backing pension liabilities are not subject to tax.

26. Director and executive disclosures

(a) Compensation of KMP

	Consolidated		Tabcorp Holdings	
	2009 $	2008 $	2009 $	2008 $
Short term	**12,259,172**	10,914,040	**12,259,172**	10,914,040
Other long term	**94,635**	45,680	**94,635**	45,680
Post employment	**238,941**	209,888	**238,941**	209,888
Termination benefits	**-**	775,000	**-**	775,000
Share based payments	**1,187,670**	1,706,085	**1,187,670**	1,706,085
	13,780,418	13,650,693	**13,780,418**	13,650,693

The above reflects the compensation for the year for individuals who were a KMP at any time during the year. The compensation for the period while the individuals were a KMP is $12,127,333 (2008: $13,650,693).

(b) Shareholdings of KMP

Shares held in Tabcorp Holdings Limited (number)

	Balance at				Balance at	
	start of year	KMP start date	Granted as remuneration	Net change other	KMP cessation date	end of year
30 June 2009						
Non Executive Directors						
Current						
John Story	**25,649**	**n/a**	**-**	**26,726**	**n/a**	**52,375**
Anthony Hodgson	**20,245**	**n/a**	**-**	**1,006**	**n/a**	**21,251**
Paula Dwyer	**30,000**	**n/a**	**-**	**863**	**n/a**	**30,863**
Jane Hemstritch	**n/a**	**20,000**	**-**	**863**	**n/a**	**20,863**
John O'Neill	**-**	**n/a**	**-**	**-**	**n/a**	**-**
Brett Paton	**n/a**	**-**	**-**	**20,863**	**n/a**	**20,863**
Zygmunt Switkowski	**73,800**	**n/a**	**-**	**2,589**	**n/a**	**76,389**
Executives						
Current Executive Director						
Elmer Funke Kupper	**97,000**	**n/a**	**-**	**863**	**n/a**	**97,863**
Current Executives						
Matt Bekier	**2,563**	**n/a**	**-**	**2,250**	**n/a**	**4,813**
Mohan Jesudason	**158,625**	**n/a**	**-**	**863**	**n/a**	**159,488**
Larry Mullin	**n/a**	**-**	**90,931**	**-**	**n/a**	**90,931**
Robert Nason	**10,000**	**n/a**	**-**	**863**	**n/a**	**10,863**
Kerry Willcock	**715**	**n/a**	**-**	**863**	**n/a**	**1,578**
Louise Zampaglione	**-**	**n/a**	**-**	**-**	**n/a**	**-**
Former Executives						
Walter Bugno	**30,000**	**n/a**	**-**	**-**	**30,000**	**n/a**
Total	**448,597**	**20,000**	**90,931**	**58,612**	**30,000**	**588,140**

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

26. Director and executive disclosures (continued)

(b) Shareholdings of KMP (continued)

	Balance at				Balance at	
	start of year	KMP start date	Granted as remuneration	Net change other	KMP cessation date	end of year
30 June 2008						
Non Executive Directors						
Current						
John Story	13,149	n/a	-	12,500	n/a	25,649
Anthony Hodgson	100,170	n/a	-	(79,925)	n/a	20,245
Paula Dwyer	20,000	n/a	-	10,000	n/a	30,000
John O'Neill	n/a	-	-	-	n/a	-
Zygmunt Switkowski	33,800	n/a	-	40,000	n/a	73,800
Former						
Michael Robinson	45,565	n/a	-	-	45,565	n/a
Philip Satre	8,000	n/a	-	-	8,000	n/a
Executives						
Current Executive Director						
Elmer Funke Kupper	97,000	n/a	-	-	n/a	97,000
Current Executives						
Matt Bekier	1,819	n/a	-	744	n/a	2,563
Walter Bugno	30,000	n/a	-	-	n/a	30,000
Mohan Jesudason	158,625	n/a	-	-	n/a	158,625
Robert Nason	10,000	n/a	-	-	n/a	10,000
Kerry Willcock	715	n/a	-	-	n/a	715
Louise Zampaglione	n/a	-	-	-	n/a	-
Former Executives						
Peter Caillard	120,740	n/a	-	-	120,740	n/a
Total	639,583	-	-	(16,681)	174,305	448,597

(c) Performance Option and Performance Right holdings of KMP

Performance Options and Performance Rights held in Tabcorp Holdings Limited (number)

	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Net change other(1)	Balance at KMP cessation date	Balance at end of year	Vested at end of year Total	Vested at end of year Exercisable
30 June 2009							
Performance Options							
Current							
Elmer Funke Kupper	236,126	-	-	n/a	236,126	-	-
Matt Bekier	96,154	-	-	n/a	96,154	-	-
Mohan Jesudason	241,412	-	(67,469)	n/a	173,943	-	-
Larry Mullin	n/a	-	-	n/a	-	-	-
Robert Nason	70,804	-	-	n/a	70,804	-	-
Kerry Willcock	92,394	-	-	n/a	92,394	-	-
Louise Zampaglione	-	-	-	n/a	-	-	-
Former							
Walter Bugno	236,126	-	(236,126)	-	n/a	-	-
Total	973,016	-	(303,595)	-	669,421	-	-
Performance Rights							
Current							
Elmer Funke Kupper	115,000	281,425	-	n/a	396,425	-	-
Matt Bekier	41,592	163,542	-	n/a	205,134	-	-
Mohan Jesudason	58,406	138,022	(9,189)	n/a	187,239	-	-
Larry Mullin	n/a	54,348	-	n/a	54,348	-	-
Robert Nason	40,106	160,936	-	n/a	201,042	-	-
Kerry Willcock	29,989	96,561	-	n/a	126,550	-	-
Louise Zampaglione	-	51,055	-	n/a	51,055	-	-
Former							
Walter Bugno	68,475	93,808	(162,283)	-	n/a	-	-
Total	353,568	1,039,697	(171,472)	-	1,221,793	-	-

(1) Includes forfeitures.

26. Director and executive disclosures (continued)

(c) Performance Option and Performance Right holdings of KMP (continued)

	Balance at start of year	Granted as remuneration	Net change other[i]	Balance at KMP cessation date	Balance at end of year	Vested at end of year Total	Vested at end of year Exercisable
30 June 2008							
Performance Options							
Current							
Elmer Funke Kupper	236,126	-	-	n/a	236,126	-	-
Matt Bekier	96,154	-	-	n/a	96,154	-	-
Walter Bugno	236,126	-	-	n/a	236,126	-	-
Mohan Jesudason	241,412	-	-	n/a	241,412	-	-
Robert Nason	70,804	-	-	n/a	70,804	-	-
Kerry Willcock	92,394	-	-	n/a	92,394	-	-
Louise Zampaglione	n/a	-	-	n/a	-	-	-
Former							
Peter Caillard	224,367	-	(66,786)	157,581	n/a	-	-
Total	1,197,383	-	(66,786)	157,581	973,016	-	-
Performance Rights							
Current							
Elmer Funke Kupper	15,000	100,000	-	n/a	115,000	-	-
Matt Bekier	-	41,592	-	n/a	41,592	-	-
Walter Bugno	15,000	53,475	-	n/a	68,475	-	-
Mohan Jesudason	22,756	35,650	-	n/a	58,406	-	-
Robert Nason	-	40,106	-	n/a	40,106	-	-
Kerry Willcock	5,925	24,064	-	n/a	29,989	-	-
Louise Zampaglione	n/a	-	-	n/a	-	-	-
Former							
Peter Caillard	14,829	22,459	(21,666)	15,622	n/a	-	-
Total	73,510	317,346	(21,666)	15,622	353,568	-	-

(i) Includes forfeitures.

(d) Bond holdings of KMP

Bonds held in Tabcorp Holdings Limited:	Balance at start of year $	Balance at KMP start date $	Issue of bonds[(i)] $	Balance at end of year[(ii)] $	Interest costs[(iii)] $
30 June 2009					
Non Executive Directors					
Current					
Brett Paton	**n/a**	**-**	**300,000**	**300,000**	**3,675**
Jane Hemstritch	**n/a**	**-**	**200,000**	**200,000**	**2,450**
Executives					
Current Executive Director					
Elmer Funke Kupper	**-**	**n/a**	**150,000**	**150,000**	**1,838**

(i) Bonds issued pursuant to the prospectus dated 1 April 2009 at an issue price of $100 per Bond.

(ii) Balance disclosed as non current interest bearing liability: Medium term notes - floating interest rate (refer to note 17).

(iii) Amount included as interest expense for Tabcorp Holdings Limited for the year.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

27. Related party disclosure

(a) Parent entity

The ultimate parent entity within the Group is Tabcorp Holdings Limited.

(b) Investments in controlled entities

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following controlled entities in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 1(d). The financial years of all controlled entities are the same as that of the Company.

Name of controlled entity	Note	Country of incorporation	Equity type	% equity interest at 30 June 2009 %	% equity interest at 30 June 2008 %
Parent entity					
Tabcorp Holdings Limited	(a)	Australia			
Controlled entities					
Tabcorp Assets Pty Ltd	(a)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp Manager Pty Ltd	(a)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp Participant Pty Ltd	(a)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind (Queensland) Pty Ltd	(a)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Luxbet Pty Ltd (formerly Tabcorp Online Pty Ltd)	(a)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp Investments No.5 Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp Wagering (Vic) Pty Ltd	(g)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	n/a
Tabcorp Gaming Holdings Pty Ltd	(h)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	n/a
Tabcorp Monitoring (Vic) Pty Ltd	(h)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	n/a
Tabcorp International Pty Ltd	(a)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp International No.1 Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp International No.2 Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Jupiters Resorts (Macau) Limited	(e)	Macau	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp International No.3 Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Vanuatu Casino Management Services Limited		Vanuatu	ordinary shares	**99.9**	99.9
Tabcorp International Services and Technology Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind Superannuation Pty Ltd	(f)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind Staff Superannuation Pty Ltd	(f)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp Employee Share Administration Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**33.3**	33.3
Tabcorp Investments Pty Ltd	(b)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Star City Holdings Ltd	(b)(c)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Star City Pty Ltd	(b)(c)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Star City Entertainment Pty Ltd	(b)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0

				% equity interest at 30 June	
Name of controlled entity	Note	Country of incorporation	Equity type	2009 %	2008 %
Sydney Harbour Casino Properties Pty Ltd	(b)(c)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Sydney Harbour Apartments Pty Ltd	(b)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Star City Investments Pty Ltd	(b)(d)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Showboat Australia Pty Ltd	(b)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Sydney Casino Management Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp Investments No.2 Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Jupiters Limited		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Breakwater Island Limited		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Breakwater Island Trust		Australia	units	**100.0**	100.0
Jupiters Custodian Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Jupiters Trust		Australia	units	**100.0**	100.0
Jupiters Gaming Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
A.C.N. 082 760 610 Pty Ltd	(i)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Jupwind Superannuation Pty Ltd	(f)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
TAHAL Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
TAHA Research and Development Pty Ltd	(i)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
ATL Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary and preference shares	**100.0**	100.0
Jupiters Gaming (NSW) Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Club Gaming Systems (Holdings) Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
The CGS Trust		Australia	units	**100.0**	100.0
Tabcorp Investments No.4 Pty Ltd	(a)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tab Limited		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Sky Channel Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
2KY Broadcasters Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Airsales Pty Ltd	(i)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind Employee Share Plan Pty Ltd	(i)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind Superannuation Company Pty Ltd	(f)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind Marketing Pty Ltd	(i)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Sky Channel Marketing Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Sky Australia International Racing Pty Ltd		Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind Racing Productions Pty Ltd	(i)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0
Tahwind Racing Productions (NSW) Pty Ltd	(i)	Australia	ordinary shares	**100.0**	100.0

27. Related party disclosure (continued)

(b) Investments in controlled entities (continued)

(a) These companies have entered into a deed of cross guarantee (or have been subsequently added to this deed by an assumption deed) with Tabcorp Holdings Limited.

(b) These companies have entered into a deed of cross guarantee (or have been subsequently added to this deed by an assumption deed) with Tabcorp Investments Pty Ltd. These companies have also entered into a guarantee and indemnity agreement as explained in note 30.

(c) These companies have provided a charge over their assets and undertakings as explained in note 30.

(d) Star City Investments Pty Ltd is 50% owned by Sydney Harbour Casino Properties Pty Ltd and 50% owned by Star City Entertainment Pty Ltd.

(e) Jupiters Resorts (Macau) Limited is 50% owned by Tabcorp International No.1 Pty Ltd and 50% owned by Tabcorp International No.2 Pty Ltd.

(f) These companies are not considered to be controlled entities in accordance with section 50AA(4) of the Corporations Act (2001).

(g) This company was incorporated on 11 December 2008.

(h) These companies were incorporated on 4 May 2009.

(i) These companies were placed into members' voluntary liquidation in 2007/08 as part of an internal corporate streamlining project.

Deeds of cross guarantee

Pursuant to ASIC Class Order 98/1418 (as amended) dated 13 August 1998, the wholly owned subsidiaries within a deed of cross guarantee are relieved from the Corporations Act 2001 ('the Act') requirements for preparation, audit and lodgement of financial reports and directors' report, subject to meeting the compliance requirements for relief.

It is a condition of the class order that a deed of cross guarantee be entered into by the head company and each of the subsidiaries within the relevant class order group. For each class order group, the effect of the deed is that each company guarantees to each creditor payment in full of any debt in the event of winding up of any of the subsidiaries under certain provisions of the Act. If a winding up occurs under other provisions of the Act, the company within the relevant class order group will only be liable in the event that after six months any creditor has not been paid in full. The subsidiaries have also given similar guarantees in the event the head company of the relevant class order group is wound up.

The consolidated income statement and balance sheet of all entities included in the Tabcorp Holdings Limited class order closed group (see (a) above) are set out below.

Tabcorp Holdings Limited Closed Group	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Income statement		
Total operating revenues	**1,686.6**	1,571.7
Other revenues	**621.7**	312.2
Revenue	**2,308.3**	1,883.9
Other income	**1.3**	1.7
Government taxes and levies	**(607.0)**	(580.1)
Commissions and fees	**(526.7)**	(494.3)
Employment costs	**(97.1)**	(105.5)
Depreciation and amortisation	**(82.8)**	(108.7)
Property costs	**(15.4)**	(17.6)
Advertising and promotions	**(20.9)**	(15.1)
Professional and contract services	**(13.1)**	(14.7)
Other expenses	**(83.7)**	(80.7)
Profit before income tax expense, net finance costs and impairment	**862.9**	468.9
Impairment	**-**	(916.9)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense and net finance costs	**862.9**	(448.0)
Finance income	**6.6**	49.1
Finance costs	**(151.9)**	(161.4)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense	**717.6**	(560.3)
Income tax expense	**(58.1)**	(45.8)
Net profit/(loss) attributable to members of the parent entity	**659.5**	(606.1)
Retained profits/(accumulated losses) at beginning of year	**(804.4)**	295.9
Net actuarial loss on defined benefit plan	**(1.3)**	(0.8)
Dividends paid	**(433.2)**	(493.4)
Accumulated losses at end of year	**(579.4)**	(804.4)

Tabcorp Holdings Limited Closed Group	2009 $m	2008 $m
Balance sheet		
Cash and cash equivalents	**171.2**	101.3
Receivables	**14.2**	14.7
Inventories	**4.5**	4.3
Derivative financial instruments	**6.1**	26.5
Other	**8.3**	8.6
Total current assets	**204.3**	155.4
Investment in controlled entities	**1,783.8**	2,083.8
Property, plant and equipment	**112.9**	131.2
Intangibles - licences	**83.0**	109.5
Intangibles - other	**114.7**	106.2
Other receivables	**3,144.2**	2,532.3
Derivative financial instruments	**13.3**	64.6
Other	**10.2**	10.5
Total non current assets	**5,262.1**	5,038.1
TOTAL ASSETS	**5,466.4**	5,193.5
Payables	**147.3**	165.0
Current tax liabilities	**56.5**	52.3
Provisions	**16.7**	19.4
Derivative financial instruments	**35.2**	36.3
Other	**3.6**	-
Total current liabilities	**259.3**	273.0
Interest bearing liabilities	**2,040.9**	2,269.7
Deferred tax liabilities	**10.7**	24.6
Provisions	**2.3**	1.9
Derivative financial instruments	**35.5**	163.1
Other	**1.3**	1.9
Total non current liabilities	**2,090.7**	2,461.2
TOTAL LIABILITIES	**2,350.0**	2,734.2
NET ASSETS	**3,116.4**	2,459.3
Issued capital	**3,673.2**	3,198.1
Accumulated losses	**(579.4)**	(804.4)
Reserves	**22.6**	65.6
TOTAL EQUITY	**3,116.4**	2,459.3

(c) Transactions with controlled entities

Tabcorp Holdings Limited

Details of dividends received from controlled entities are set out in note 2.

The amount receivable by the Company from controlled entities is set out in note 15.

The Company entered into the following transactions during the current and prior year with controlled entities:

- loans advanced of $897.5 million (2008: repayments of $133.8 million); and
- income tax and GST paid on behalf of controlled entities $362.7 million (2008: $337.4 million).

All the transactions were undertaken on normal commercial terms and conditions.

(d) Transactions with joint venture operation

The Group conducts an unincorporated joint venture operation with VicRacing Pty Ltd.
The principal activity of the joint venture is the organisation, conduct, promotion and development of wagering and gaming within the State of Victoria. The Group receives 75% of the product and expenses of the joint venture.

Consolidated

The Group charges the joint venture operation for the provision of employee, management and asset services. On consolidation, 75% of the charges eliminate (being the Group's interest in the joint venture operation). Charges for the remaining 25% of $43.9 million were received by the Group in 2009 (2008: $47.3 million).

Tabcorp Holdings Limited

The Company charges the joint venture operation for the provision of employee, management and asset services. Charges of $9.6 million were received in 2009 (2008: $19.9 million).

28. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Details of contingent liabilities and contingent assets where the probability of future payments/receipts is not considered remote are set out below as well as details of contingent liabilities and contingent assets, which although considered remote, the directors consider should be disclosed as they are not disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements.

The directors are of the opinion that provisions are not required in respect of these matters, as it is not probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required or the amount is not capable of reliable measurement.

Contingent liabilities

(a) Charge

A controlled entity, Tabcorp Participant Pty Ltd, which is a participant in the joint venture described in note 27, has entered into a deed of cross charge with its joint venture partner to cover the non payment of a called sum in the event of the joint venture incurring a loss. The charge is over undistributed and future earnings of the joint venture to the level of the unpaid call.

(b) Legal challenges

There are outstanding legal actions between controlled entities and third parties as at 30 June 2009. The Group has notified its insurance carrier of all litigation, and believes that any damages (other than exemplary damages) that may be awarded against the Group, in addition to its costs incurred in connection with the action, will be covered by its insurance policies where such policies are in place. However, given the nature of insurance, no assurance can be given that any such claims are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the Group.

In the case of possible actions which, due to the demise of an underwriter do not have insurance cover, the Group considers that, on the balance of probability, no material losses will arise. This position will be monitored and in the event that a loss becomes probable, an appropriate provision will be made.

(c) Undertakings - insurance deductible

Under the Casino Taxes Agreement a controlled entity, Star City Pty Ltd ('Star City') is required to take out insurance in the name of the Casino Liquor and Gaming Control Authority ('CLGCA') in respect of anticipated Weekly Duty and Community Benefit Levy arising out of partial or total loss or destruction of the Star City casino premises. The Agreement allows for a $1 million deductible for each and every loss. Star City has a 5 day loss deductible (2008: 5 day loss deductible). The Company has provided the CLGCA with a Deed of Undertaking to fund the shortfall of the difference between the current 5 day deductible and the $1 million required under the Casino Taxes Agreement. The directors believe this undertaking would not exceed $1-2 million (2008: $1-2 million) for any one loss and believe such an event is remote.

(d) Switching station lease

A controlled entity, Sydney Harbour Casino Properties Pty Ltd ('SHCP'), has entered into a lease with the CLGCA for a vacant parcel of land adjacent to the Star City casino. The lease is for the term of the NSW Casino Licence and SHCP prepaid $11.5 million in 1996 in respect of the period of the casino licence term. Under the lease, SHCP is obliged to develop the site and was required to complete construction in 2000. As part of the proposed redevelopment of the Star City site, SHCP has negotiated with the CLGCA an option to enter into a variation of the current lease arrangement. On exercise of the option the prior dispute with the CLGCA will be resolved and SHCP will have 5 years to develop the site as per the current approvals. The book value of the investment at 30 June 2009 was $10.1 million (2008: $10.3 million).

Contingent assets

(e) Tax audit

The Australian Taxation Office ('ATO') issued Star City with an income tax assessment for the tax year ended 30 June 1997, and amended income tax assessments for the tax years ended 30 June 2000, 30 June 2001 and 30 June 2002. The assessment and amended assessments relate to the deductibility of rent of $120.0 million prepaid in December 1994 in relation to the Star City casino site.

The Group has provided in full for the unpaid primary tax in dispute in relation to deductions claimed to 30 June 2002 of $31.6 million, and penalties and interest charges of $20.4 million (2008: $29.0 million, reduction based on the ATO's revised penalties position). The Group has provided for General Interest Charges from 27 January 2004. Due to the ongoing dispute with the ATO, the Group has not claimed deductions for prepaid rent for the 2003 to 2008 (inclusive) tax years. The primary tax on these deductions is $8.1 million. If the Group is ultimately successful in its claims, the income tax deductions could be claimed.

29. Subsequent events

Dividends

Since 30 June 2009, the directors have declared a final dividend of 30 cents per ordinary share. The total amount of the final dividend is $181.1 million. This has not been provided for in the 30 June 2009 financial statements (refer to note 5).

30. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise cash, short term deposits, bank bills, Australian denominated bank loans, bonds and notes, and foreign currency denominated notes.

The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables, which arise directly from its operations. Derivative transactions are also entered into by the Group, principally interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps, the purpose being to manage interest rate and currency risks arising from the Group's sources of finance. It is, and has been throughout the period under review, the Group's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are cash flow interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Details of significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument, are disclosed in note 1.

Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group has a policy of controlling exposure to interest rate fluctuations by the use of fixed and variable rate debt and by the use of interest rate swaps or caps. It has entered into interest rate swap agreements to hedge underlying debt obligations and allow floating rate borrowings to be swapped to fixed rate borrowings. Under these arrangements, the Group will pay fixed interest rates and receive the bank bill swap rate calculated on the notional principal amount of the contracts.

At 30 June 2009 after taking into account the effect of interest rate swaps, approximately 83% (2008: 74%) of the Group's borrowings are at a fixed rate of interest.

Fair value interest rate risk

As the Group holds fixed rate debt there is a risk that the economic value of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The level of fixed rate debt is disclosed in note 31 and it is acknowledged that this risk is a by-product of the Group's attempt to manage its cash flow interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk

As a result of issuing private notes denominated in US Dollars ('USD'), the Group's balance sheet can be affected by movements in the USD/AUD exchange rate. In order to hedge this exposure, the Group has entered into cross currency swaps to fix the exchange rate on the notes until maturity. The Group agrees to exchange a fixed USD amount in exchange for an agreed AUD amount with swap counterparties, and re-exchange this again at maturity. These swaps are designated to hedge the principal and interest obligations under the private notes.

Commodity price risk

The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk on financial assets which have been recognised on the balance sheet, is the carrying amount net of any allowance for doubtful debts. The Group minimises credit risk via adherence to a strict cash management policy. Collateral is not held as security.

The Group is not materially exposed to one individual debtor.

Credit risk in trade receivables is managed in the following ways:

- the provision of cheque cashing facilities for casino gaming patrons is subject to detailed policies and procedures designed to minimise any potential loss, including the taking up of bank opinions and the use of a central credit agency which collates information from major casinos around the world; and
- the provision of non gaming credit is covered by a risk assessment process for customers using the Credit Reference Association of Australia, bank opinions and trade references.

Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

With respect to credit risk arising from other financial assets of the Group, which comprise cash and cash equivalents (including short term deposits and bank bills), the maximum exposure of the Group to credit risk from default of a counterparty is equal to the carrying amount of these instruments.

In relation to financial liabilities, credit risk arises from the potential failure of counterparties to meet their obligations under the contract or arrangement. The Group's maximum credit risk exposure in respect of interest rate swap contracts and cross currency swap contracts is detailed in note 31.

Credit risk includes liabilities under financial guarantees. For financial guarantee contract liabilities the fair value at initial recognition is determined using a probability weighted discounted cash flow approach. The fair value of financial guarantee contract liabilities has been assessed as nil (2008: nil), as the possibility of an outflow occurring is considered remote. Details of the financial guarantee contracts at balance date are outlined below:

Deed of cross guarantee

As explained in note 27, the Company has entered into a deed of cross guarantee pursuant to ASIC Class Order 98/1418 (as amended) dated 13 August 1998.

Charge

The controlled entities denoted (c) in note 27 have provided the Casino Liquor and Gaming Control Authority ('CLGCA') with a fixed and floating charge over all of the assets and undertakings of each company to secure payment of all monies and the performance of all obligations which they have to the CLGCA. The maximum prospective liability under the charge is $1.5 billion.

Guarantees and indemnities

The controlled entities denoted (b) in note 27 have entered into a guarantee and indemnity agreement in favour of the CLGCA whereby all parties to the agreement are jointly and severally liable for the performance of the obligations and liabilities of each company participating in the agreement with respect to agreements entered into and guarantees given.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

30. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Guarantees and indemnities (continued)

Entities in the Group are called upon to give in the ordinary course of business, guarantees and indemnities in respect of the performance of their contractual and financial obligations. The maximum amount of these guarantees and indemnities is $118.7 million (2008: $19.0 million).

All investment and financial instrument activity is with approved counterparties with investment grade credit ratings. To manage credit risk, compliance with counterparty exposure limits is reviewed on a continuous basis. The aggregate value of transactions are spread amongst the approved counterparties.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the financial liabilities of the Group and the Group's subsequent ability to meet its obligations to repay its financial liabilities as and when they fall due.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans, bonds and notes.

To help reduce liquidity risk, the Group targets a minimum level of cash and cash equivalents to be maintained, and has revolving facilities in place with sufficient headroom.

The Group's policy is that not more than 33% of debt facilities should mature in any 12 month period within the next five years. At 30 June 2009, 14% (2008: 6%) of the Group's debt facilities will mature in less than one year.

Due to the measures in place for managing liquidity and access to capital markets, this risk is not considered significant.

Refer to notes 17 and 31 for maturity of financial liabilities.

The contractual cash flows including principal and estimated interest receipts/payments of financial assets/liabilities are as follows:

	2009			2008		
Consolidated	**< 1 year $m**	**1 - 5 years $m**	**> 5 years $m**	**< 1 year $m**	**1 - 5 years $m**	**> 5 years $m**
Financial assets						
Cash assets	**102.6**	**-**	**-**	98.5	-	-
Short term deposits	**188.8**	**-**	**-**	74.7	-	-
Receivables	**70.5**	**-**	**-**	64.8	-	-
Other receivables	**-**	**3.0**	**-**	-	3.0	-
Interest rate swaps						
- receive AUD floating	**39.6**	**139.9**	**120.1**	105.7	313.3	327.9
Cross currency swaps						
- receive USD fixed	**42.0**	**167.9**	**886.7**	35.2	140.9	779.5
Total financial assets	**443.5**	**310.8**	**1,006.8**	378.9	457.2	1,107.4
Financial liabilities						
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	**492.2**	**-**	**-**	407.3	-	-
Bank loans - unsecured	**11.3**	**326.3**	**-**	88.5	1,227.2	-
Medium term notes						
- fixed interest rate	**25.0**	**416.3**	**-**	25.0	441.3	-
- floating interest rate	**34.9**	**622.9**	**-**	5.6	77.5	-
Private placement						
- US dollar - pay USD fixed	**42.0**	**167.9**	**886.7**	35.2	140.9	779.5
- Australian dollar	**4.1**	**16.5**	**122.6**	8.7	34.8	156.5
Interest rate swaps - pay AUD fixed	**76.1**	**271.3**	**240.5**	80.7	245.9	264.6
Cross currency swaps						
- pay AUD floating	**34.8**	**139.1**	**930.2**	73.2	292.8	1,104.9
Total financial liabilities	**720.4**	**1,960.3**	**2,180.0**	724.2	2,460.4	2,305.5
Tabcorp Holdings Limited						
Financial assets						
Cash assets	**4.3**	**-**	**-**	2.1	-	-
Short term deposits	**87.2**	**-**	**-**	22.6	-	-
Other receivables	**3,210.4**	**3.0**	**-**	2,313.1	3.0	-
Total financial assets	**3,301.9**	**3.0**	**-**	2,337.8	3.0	-
Financial liabilities						
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	**26.4**	**-**	**-**	23.9	-	-
Medium term notes						
- floating interest rate	**21.2**	**362.7**	**-**	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	**47.6**	**362.7**	**-**	23.9	-	-

For floating rate instruments, the amount disclosed is determined by reference to the interest rate at the last repricing date.

For foreign currency receipts and payments, the amount disclosed is determined by reference to the USD/AUD rate at balance date.

31. Additional financial instruments disclosure

(a) Fair values

Swaps

Fair value is calculated using discounted future cash flow techniques, where estimated cash flows and estimated discount rates are based on market data at balance date.

US Private Placement

Fair value is calculated using discounted future cash flow techniques, where estimated cash flows and estimated discount rates are based on market data at balance date, in combination with restatement to current foreign exchange rates.

Medium Term Notes

Fair value is determined using independent market quotations.

The carrying amount of financial assets or liabilities recognised in the financial statements are deemed to be the fair value unless otherwise stated in the table below.

	Carrying amount		**Fair value**	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Consolidated				
Financial liabilities				
Medium term notes				
- fixed interest rate	**385.0**	385.0	**383.2**	357.6
- floating interest rate	**499.5**	65.0	**510.6**	64.8
	884.5	450.0	**893.8**	422.4
Tabcorp Holdings Limited				
Financial liabilities				
Medium term notes				
- floating interest rate	**284.5**	-	**296.4**	-
	284.5	-	**296.4**	-

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

31. Additional financial instruments disclosure (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk and the effective interest rate for classes of financial assets and financial liabilities is set out below:

	Note	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Floating interest rate $m	Fixed interest maturing in: < 1 year $m	1 - 5 years $m	> 5 years $m	Non interest bearing $m	Balance Sheet $m
2009 - Consolidated								
Financial assets								
Cash assets	7	**2.1**	**22.7**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**79.9**	**102.6**
Short term deposits	7	**3.2**	**188.8**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**188.8**
Receivables	8	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**70.5**	**70.5**
Other receivables	15	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**2.3**	**2.3**
Total financial assets			**211.5**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**152.7**	**364.2**
Financial liabilities								
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	16	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**492.2**	**492.2**
Bank loans - unsecured [i][iii]	17	**4.2**	**314.9**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**314.9**
Medium term notes [i]								
- fixed interest rate [iv]	17	**6.7**	**-**	**-**	**383.8**	**-**	**-**	**383.8**
- floating interest rate [iii]	17	**7.4**	**490.6**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**490.6**
Private placement [i]		**-**						
- US dollar [iv]	17	**5.5**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**751.9**	**-**	**751.9**
- Australian dollar [iii]	17	**4.1**	**99.7**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**99.7**
Interest rate swaps [i][ii]	31(c)	**-**	**1,380.0**	**(300.0)**	**-**	**(1,080.0)**	**-**	**-**
Cross currency swaps [i]	31(d)	**-**	**838.6**	**-**	**-**	**(838.6)**	**-**	**-**
Total financial liabilities			**3,123.8**	**(300.0)**	**383.8**	**(1,166.7)**	**492.2**	**2,533.1**
2009 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited								
Financial assets								
Cash assets	7	**2.7**	**4.3**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**4.3**
Short term deposits	7	**3.1**	**87.2**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**87.2**
Other receivables	15	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**3,212.7**	**3,212.7**
Total financial assets			**91.5**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**3,212.7**	**3,304.2**
Financial liabilities								
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	16	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**26.4**	**26.4**
Medium term notes [i]								
- floating interest rate [iii]	17	**8.0**	**276.4**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**276.4**
Total financial liabilities			**276.4**	**-**	**-**	**-**	**26.4**	**302.8**

	Note	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Floating interest rate $m	Fixed interest maturing in: < 1 year $m	1 - 5 years $m	> 5 years $m	Non interest bearing $m	Balance Sheet $m
2008 - Consolidated								
Financial assets								
Cash assets	7	6.0	14.9	-	-	-	83.6	98.5
Short term deposits	7	7.5	74.7	-	-	-	-	74.7
Receivables	8	-	-	-	-	-	64.8	64.8
Other receivables	15	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	2.1
Interest Rate Swaps (i) (ii)	31(c)	-	(1,440.0)	175.0	300.0	965.0	-	-
Total financial assets			(1,350.4)	175.0	300.0	965.0	150.5	240.1
Financial liabilities								
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	16	-	-	-	-	-	407.3	407.3
Bank loans - unsecured (i) (iii)	17	8.2	1,084.8	-	-	-	-	1,084.8
Medium term notes (i)								
- fixed interest rate (iv)	17	6.7	-	-	383.3	-	-	383.3
- floating interest rate (iii)	17	8.6	64.9	-	-	-	-	64.9
Private placement (i)								
- US dollar (iv)	17	5.5	-	-	-	637.0	-	637.0
- Australian dollar (iii)	17	8.7	99.7	-	-	-	-	99.7
Cross currency swaps (i)	31(d)	-	838.6	-	-	(838.6)	-	-
Total financial liabilities			2,088.0	-	383.3	(201.6)	407.3	2,677.0
2008 - Tabcorp Holdings Limited								
Financial assets								
Cash assets	7	7.0	2.1	-	-	-	-	2.1
Short term deposits	7	7.2	22.6	-	-	-	-	22.6
Receivables	8	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.2
Other receivables	15	-	-	-	-	-	2,315.0	2,315.0
Total financial assets			24.7	-	-	-	2,315.2	2,339.9
Financial liabilities								
Trade creditors and accrued expenses	16	-	-	-	-	-	23.9	23.9
Total financial liabilities		-	-	-	-	-	23.9	23.9

(i) The effective interest rate on gross debt at 30 June 2009 was 7.1% (2008: 7.1%) after taking into account the impact of interest rate swaps and cross currency swaps.
(ii) Notional principal amounts.
(iii) Interest on financial instruments classified as floating rate is repriced at intervals of less than one year. The floating rates represent the most recently determined rate applicable to the instrument at balance date.
(iv) Interest on financial instruments classified as fixed rate is fixed until maturity of the instrument.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2009

31. Additional financial instruments disclosure (continued)

(c) Financial instruments - interest rate swaps

Interest rate swaps meet the requirements to qualify for cash flow hedge accounting and are stated at fair value.

These swaps are being used to hedge the exposure to variability in cash flows attributable to movements in the reference interest rate of the designated debt or instrument and are assessed as highly effective in offsetting changes in the cash flows attributable to such movements. Hedge effectiveness is measured by comparing the change in the fair value of the hedged item and the hedging instrument respectively each quarter. Any difference represents ineffectiveness and is recorded in the income statement.

The notional principal amounts, cash flows and periods of expiry of these interest rate swap contracts are as follows:

	Notional principal		Fair value - asset/(liability)	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Less than one year	**300.0**	175.0	**(5.2)**	3.2
One to five years	**-**	300.0	**-**	11.9
More than five years	**1,080.0**	965.0	**(35.5)**	75.1
Notional principal	**1,380.0**	1,440.0	**(40.7)**	90.2
Fixed interest rate range p.a.	**5.5% - 7.4%**	5.4% - 7.2%		

	Contractual cash inflow/(outflow)	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**
Less than one year	**(36.5)**	25.0
One to five years	**(131.4)**	67.4
More than five years	**(120.4)**	63.3
Notional principal	**(288.3)**	155.7

Net settlement receipts and payments are recognised as an adjustment to interest expense on an accruals basis over the term of the swaps, such that the overall interest expense on borrowings reflects the average cost of funds achieved by entering into the swap agreements.

(d) Financial instruments - cross currency swaps

Cross currency swap contracts are classified as either cash flow hedges or fair value hedges and are stated at fair value.

These cross currency swaps are being used to hedge the exposure to the variability in the fair value of the USD debt under the US Private Placement and are assessed as highly effective in offsetting changes in movements in the forward USD exchange rate. Hedge effectiveness is measured by comparing the change in the fair value of the hedged item and the hedging instrument respectively each quarter. Any difference represents ineffectiveness and is recorded in the income statement.

The principal amounts and periods of expiry of the cross currency swap contracts are as follows:

	2009		2008	
	Pay principal AUD $m	**Receive principal USD $m**	**Pay principal AUD $m**	**Receive principal USD $m**
More than five years	**838.6**	**625.0**	838.6	625.0
Fixed interest rate range p.a.	**-**	**5.3% - 5.6%**	-	5.3% - 5.6%
Variable interest rate range p.a.	**4.1% - 4.2%**	**-**	8.7% - 8.8%	-

The terms and conditions in relation to interest rate and maturity of the cross currency swaps are similar to the terms and conditions of the underlying hedged Private Placement - USD borrowings as set out in note 17.

(e) Financial instruments - sensitivity analysis

Interest rates - AUD and USD

The following sensitivity analysis is based on interest rate risk exposures in existence at year end.

At 30 June, if interest rates had moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and equity would have been affected as follows:

Judgements of reasonably possible movements:

	Post Tax Profit Higher/(Lower)		Equity Higher/(Lower)	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Consolidated				
AUD				
+ 1% (100 basis points)	**(1.2)**	(3.6)	**50.2**	43.8
- 1% (100 basis points)	**1.2**	3.5	**(54.5)**	(47.6)
USD				
+ 1% (100 basis points)	**(0.3)**	(1.2)	**(37.3)**	(26.6)
- 1% (100 basis points)	**0.2**	1.3	**40.4**	29.0
Tabcorp Holdings Limited				
AUD				
+ 1% (100 basis points)	**(2.0)**	0.2	**-**	-
- 1% (100 basis points)	**2.0**	(0.2)	**-**	-

The movements in profit are due to higher/lower interest costs from variable rate debt and investments, and an increase/decrease in the fair value of financial instruments designated as fair value hedges. The movement in equity is due to an increase/decrease in the fair value of financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges.

Significant assumptions used in the interest rate sensitivity analysis include:

- Reasonably possible movements in interest rates were determined based on the Group's current credit rating and mix of debt, relationships with financial institutions and the level of debt that is expected to be renewed, as well as a review of the last two years' historical movements and economic forecaster's expectations;
- Price sensitivity of derivatives is based on a reasonably possible movement of spot rates at balance dates; and
- The net exposure at balance date is representative of what the Group was and is expecting to be exposed to in the next twelve months.

Foreign Exchange

The following sensitivity analysis is based on foreign currency risk exposures in existence at the balance sheet date.

At 30 June, had the AUD moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and equity would have been affected as follows:

Judgements of reasonably possible movements:

	Post Tax Profit Higher/(Lower)		Equity Higher/(Lower)	
	2009 $m	**2008 $m**	**2009 $m**	**2008 $m**
Consolidated				
AUD/USD + 10 cents	**(0.4)**	3.2	**(7.6)**	(2.0)
AUD/USD - 10 cents	**0.5**	(4.5)	**9.7**	2.5

The movements in profit are due to an increase/decrease in the fair value of financial instruments designated as fair value hedges. The movement in equity is due to an increase/ decrease in the fair value of financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges.

Management believe the balance date risk exposures are representative of the risk exposure inherent in the financial instruments.

The numbers derived in the sensitivity analysis are indicative only.

Significant assumptions used in the foreign currency exposure sensitivity analysis include:

- Reasonably possible movements in foreign exchange rates were determined based on a review of the last two years' historical movements and economic forecaster's expectations;
- The reasonably possible movement of 10% was calculated by taking the USD spot rate as at balance date, moving this spot rate by 10% and then re-converting the USD into AUD with the 'new spot-rate'. This methodology reflects the translation methodology undertaken by the Group;
- Price sensitivity of derivatives is been based on a reasonably possible movement of spot rates at balance dates; and
- The net exposure at balance date is representative of what the Group was and is expecting to be exposed to in the next twelve months.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of Tabcorp Holdings Limited ('the Company'):

(a) the financial statements, notes and the additional disclosures included in the Directors' report designated as audited, of the Company and of the Group are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

   (i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's and the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and

   (ii) complying with Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001; and

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the directors in accordance with sections 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

In the opinion of the directors, as at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the members of the Closed Group identified in note 27 will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are or may become subject, by virtue of the Deed of Cross Guarantee.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors.

John Story
Chairman

Melbourne
6 August 2009

Independent audit report

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Independent auditor's report to the members of Tabcorp Holdings Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Tabcorp Holdings Limited, which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, statement of recognised income and expense and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances. In Note 1, the directors also state that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit we have met the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We have given to the directors of the company a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included in the directors' report. In addition to our audit of the financial report, we were engaged to undertake the services disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The provision of these services has not impaired our independence.

ERNST & YOUNG

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

1. the financial report of Tabcorp Holdings Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
   - i giving a true and fair view of the financial position of Tabcorp Holdings Limited and the consolidated entity at 30 June 2009 and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
   - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.
2. the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Ernst & Young

Ernst & Young

Tim Wallace
Partner
Melbourne
6 August 2009

Five year review

	2009 $m	2008 $m	2007 $m	2006 $m	2005 $m
Total revenue	**4,211.3**	3,992.5	3,883.7	3,834.8	3,817.1
EBITDA - pre impairment	**1,072.6**	1,075.2	947.8	1,059.1	1,046.2
Profit before interest and tax	**895.4**	174.7	803.3	851.5	806.6
Profit after income tax attributable to members of parent entity	**521.7**	(164.6)	450.4	543.4	433.4
Profit after income tax - pre impairment	**521.7**	543.0	452.6	611.9	526.6
Dividend[1]	**367.6**	493.4	493.5	467.2	423.4
Cash and deposits	**291.4**	173.2	202.2	206.6	209.4
Other current assets	**111.8**	128.3	80.5	72.0	120.4
Intangible assets - licences	**688.1**	723.9	1,220.8	1,230.1	1,239.3
Intangible assets - other	**3,641.8**	3,506.8	3,680.7	3,676.5	3,645.0
Other non current assets	**1,606.3**	1,589.5	1,542.3	1,486.8	1,558.9
Total assets	**6,339.4**	6,121.7	6,726.5	6,672.0	6,773.0
Current interest bearing liabilities	**-**	-	390.0	390.0	390.0
Other current liabilities	**699.6**	615.8	514.9	506.2	483.9
Non current interest bearing liabilities	**2,040.9**	2,269.7	1,950.6	2,029.6	2,143.6
Other non current liabilities	**322.1**	478.9	486.8	383.3	496.9
Total liabilities	**3,062.6**	3,364.4	3,342.3	3,309.1	3,514.4
Shareholders' funds	**3,276.8**	2,757.3	3,384.2	3,362.9	3,258.6
Capital expenditure - payments	**256.5**	222.0	166.8	236.1	119.5

	cents	cents	cents	cents	cents
Earnings per share - pre impairment	**93.2**	103.4	86.2	116.6	101.9
Earnings per share	**93.2**	(31.4)	85.8	103.6	83.9
Dividends per share[1]	**65.0**	94.0	94.0	89.0	81.0
Operating cash flow per share[2]	**74.3**	82.0	84.2	89.4	104.9
Return on shareholders' funds - pre impairment	**17.8%**	17.0%	13.4%	18.1%	15.6%
Return on shareholders' funds	**17.8%**	(5.1%)	13.3%	16.1%	12.9%
Net assets per share	**$5.86**	$5.25	$6.45	$6.41	$6.25

Operating revenue[3]	$m	$m	$m	$m	$m
Casinos	**1,391.7**	1,357.5	1,291.4	1,330.1	1,274.9
Wagering	**1,582.6**	1,469.9	1,464.1	1,403.3	1,413.2
Gaming	**1,198.8**	1,133.6	1,081.8	1,046.6	1,032.2
Unallocated/elimination	**(5.9)**	(4.0)	(2.3)	(3.1)	40.3
Total	**4,167.2**	3,957.0	3,835.0	3,776.9	3,760.6

EBITDA - Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

1 Dividends attributable to the year, but which may be payable after the end of the period. 2008 includes a special dividend declared in August 2008.

2 Net operating cash flow per the statement of cashflows does not include payments for property plant and equipment and intangibles, whereas these items are included in the calculation for the operating cash flow per share ratio.

3 Operating revenue includes both external and internal operating revenue.

Company directory

Registered office

Tabcorp Holdings Limited
5 Bowen Crescent
Melbourne VIC 3004
Australia
Telephone: 03 9868 2100
Facsimile: 03 9868 2300
E-mail: investor@tabcorp.com.au

Website

www.tabcorp.com.au

Stock exchange listing

The Company's securities are quoted on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX) under the codes "TAH" for ordinary shares and "TAHHA" for Bonds.

In the United States of America, the Company's shares are traded in the form of sponsored American Depositary Receipts (ADR).

Auditors

Ernst & Young – External auditors

Queensland office

Level 3
159 William Street
Brisbane QLD 4000
Telephone: 07 3228 0000

New South Wales office

495 Harris Street
Ultimo NSW 2007
Telephone: 02 9218 1000

Star City Hotel and Casino

80 Pyrmont Street
Pyrmont NSW 2009
Reservations: 1800 700 700
Telephone: 02 9777 9000
www.starcity.com.au

Conrad Jupiters Hotel and Casino

Broadbeach Island
Gold Coast QLD 4218
Reservations: 1800 074 344
Telephone: 07 5592 8100
www.conradjupiters.com.au

Conrad Treasury Hotel and Casino

George Street
Brisbane QLD 4000
Reservations: 1800 506 889
Telephone: 07 3306 8888
www.conradtreasury.com.au

Jupiters Townsville Hotel and Casino

Sir Leslie Thiess Drive
Townsville QLD 4810
Reservations: 1800 079 210
Telephone: 07 4722 2333
www.jupiterstownsville.com.au

Sky Racing / Sky Sports Radio

79 Frenchs Forest Road
Frenchs Forest NSW 2086
Telephone: 02 9451 0888
www.skyracing.com.au
www.skysportsradio.com.au

Key dates

2009

Annual General Meeting (Conrad Jupiters, Gold Coast)	19 October

2010*

Half-year results announcement	4 February
Ex-dividend for interim dividend	9 February
Record date for interim dividend	15 February
Interim dividend payment	22 March
End of financial year	30 June
Full-year results announcement	5 August
Ex-dividend for final dividend	10 August
Record date for final dividend	16 August
Final dividend payment	20 September
Annual General Meeting	25 October

** These dates may change. See the Company's website for updates.*

About this Annual Report

Tabcorp's Annual Report consists of two documents – the Concise Annual Report (which incorporates the concise financial statements) and the Financial Report. The concise financial statements included in the Concise Annual Report cannot be expected to provide as full an understanding of Tabcorp's performance, financial position and investing activities as provided by the full Financial Report. A copy of Tabcorp's Financial Report is available, free of charge, on request and can be accessed via the Company's website at **www.tabcorp.com.au**.

Currency

References to currency are in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated.

Investment warning

Past performance of shares is not necessarily a guide to future performance. The value of investments and any income from them is not guaranteed and can fall as well as rise. Tabcorp recommends investors seek independent professional advice before making investment decisions.

Privacy

Tabcorp respects the privacy of its stakeholders. Tabcorp's Privacy Policy is available on the Company's website at **www.tabcorp.com.au**.

Tabcorp